DAILY CONSTITUTION.

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WEATHER REPORT, SEPTEMBER 6

Reported by P. H. Mell, Jr., Chemist and Meteorologist, Dept. Agriculture.

HEIGHT OF BAROMETER.

7 A.M	3 P.M.	9 P.M.	
29.034	29.013	28 995	Average height for day 29.014

TEMPERATURE.

Temperature of air in shade.

7 A.M	4 P.M.	9 P.M.	
72°	88°	81°	Mean temp'ture for day 79°.

Maximum heat of the direct rays of the sun: 131°

MOISTURE.

Per cent. of moisture in the air:

7 A.M	3 P.M.	9 P.M.	
70	59	68	Average for the da, 64.

WIND

blew during the day from the west at the rate of 2.8 miles per hour. This is equal to a pressure of one-half ounce per square foot of surface.

Radiation from the earth during night of 5th: 53°

Maximum temperature for the night of the 5th: 89°

Minimum temperature for the night of the 5th: 75°

PROBABILITIES:—South Atlantic States, northeast to southeast winds, warmer, partly cloudy weather, and occasional rains will prevail.

During the summer months THE CONSTITUTION *will be sent to subscribers in the country and at the springs at the rate of $1 00 per month free of postage.*

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 109⅝ and closed at 109¼.

MIDDLING UPLANDS closed in New York at 11 9-16. In Liverpool at 6 1-16.

CORRESPONDENCE.

All business letters will be addressed to the CONSTITUTION Publishing Company, which succeeded the firm of W. A. Hemphill & Co. and which has been in operation now nearly twelve months. All letters intended for publication should be addressed, "Editors CONSTITUTION."

MR HAYES' record as a tax-payer has been overhauled, and does not seem to stand investigation very well. The following telegram from Toledo to the Cincinnati Enquirer shows the main facts:

The Northern Ohio Democrat of to-morrow morning will contain a full exhibit of the false and fraudulent tax returns of personal property for the past three years made by Rutherford B Hayes to the tax assessors of the first ward of the town of Fremont. The personal property, other than non-taxable, under the will of Sardis Birchard valued at $32,00, of which Rutherford B. Hayes is devisee, is returned for taxation under the oath of R. B Hayes at $3,500. Three watches, the aggregate value of which is $80, are sworn to be worth $150 in 1875 while in 1874 one of the watches is sworn to be worth $290. Four carriages are returned as being worth $300 in 1874, while the maker of one of the carriages states that Mr Hayes paid him in that year $500 for a single carriage. One horse, valued at $400, is returned as worth but $100. In possession of a piano, he has failed to make a return thereof, as the law of Ohio requires. With over $ 00,000 worth of personal property, Gov Hayes has returned under oath for the past three years, less than $6,000 worth for taxation.

RIOTOUS strikes in the Combahee rice fields have again broken out—this time on plantations where cash has been promptly paid to the laborers. The conclusion is irresistable that these demonstrations are due to the seditious teachings of turbulent leaders. Says the News and Courier's correspondent, who is on the ground:

The whole affair is evidently the work of bad designing men, who are urging the negroes to create a riot for political purposes. The release of the rioters who were arrested some weeks ago has encouraged them, and they are evidently bent on carrying out their instructions. There can be no possible justification for the strike. The interference on the Beaufort side was based upon the fact that the hands were receiving pay in plantation checks. All the plantations on this side pay their laborers in ready cash and do not compel them to buy their provisions at the plantation store. This is an arrangement that the laborers express themselves content with, but the rioters are determined to prevent them from going to work at all hazards. The rice crop, which is ready for harvesting, is in momentary danger of entire destruction.

—Col E P Hardee of the New Orleans Picayune, is in the city.

—Capt D E Maxwell, superintendent of the Atlantic, Gulf and West India transit company's railroad, and Capt J A Grant, supt rintendent of the Macon & Brunswick railroad, are at the Kimball house. They are among the rising young railroad officials of the country and have already made a fine reputation in the highest railroad circles.

—Mr. G H. Merrifield wishes to know the whereabouts of a white boy, Tommie Cowan, who boards with Mrs Little, on Whitehall street. Tommie left on yesterday evening about 4 o'clock. He is nine years old, light hair blue eyes, stout built and had on short grey pants, white shirt waist, black hat and barefooted. It is thought that he will try to get off on the cars.

—A large crowd will be out this evening to witness the reception of the flag by Hon. B. H. Hill.

—The sanitary condition of Charleston was never better than at present and very little fears are entertained of the yellow fever laying them a visit.

—A co untryman at one of our hotels, instead of allowing the musquito netting to remain over the bed, stripped off all his clothes and wrapped up in the netting.

—Quite a large number of the leading railroad officials of the state now regularly patronize Captain W J Ballrd's restaurant, at the union passenger depot in this city. Captain Lee is now in charge, and his assistants are also polite and attentive to all patrons, especially ladies and children traveling alone, and get up first-class meals at second class prices. Their establishment is a great benefit to the through passengers as they have no time to get meals outide of the depot.

—An alarm of fire was sounded between one and two o'clock this morning caused by the burning of the kitchen of Mrs. Linford on Mitchell street. The dwelling also caught on fire, but the use of the fire plugs soon extinguished the fire. Loss small. Origin of fire unknown.

CHILDREN OF CHARITY.

A Speech by Gov. Tilden to the Chiefs of the Charitable Societies.

Telegram to the Constitution.

SARATOGA, Sept. 6.—The conference of the board of charities representing eight states and many cities, was held here to-night. Charles S. Hoyt, secretary of the New York board presided.

Gov. Tilden made the address of welcome. He paid an eloquent tribute to the object which had brought the members of the board together; reviewed the field of their labor; pointed out the advance made in social science and declared that no more important object of investigation could be presented to their minds. The application of scientific methods to the study of pauperism, crime and insanity, would no doubt confer great benefactions upon the country. He warned them against extravagance and waste of resources; in the practical work of charity to which the principles of prudence, economy and frugality should be ever applied. In conclusion he bid them God speed.

VOL. IX. ATLANTA, GA. THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 7, 1876 NO. 70

The Constitution.

OUR CONGRESSMEN.

HON. PHIL COOK RENOMINATED IN THE THIRD.

Hon. J. H. Blount in the Sixth—Hon. A. H. Stephens in the Eighth

Specials to the Constitution.

MACON, Sept. 6th, 1876.

Hon. Phil Cook was re-nominated for representative from the Third district to-day by acclamation. C.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Sept. 6th, 1876.

At the meeting of the Sixth congressional convention held here to-day. Hon James H. Blount was re-nominated on the third ballot. M.

CAMAK, Sept. 6th, 1876.

The eight district convention met at Thomson to-day and re-nominated Hon. A. H. Stephens. O.

PIKE'S REPRESENTVTIVE.

BARNESVILLE, Sept. 6, 1876.

Pike's representative, Dr. J. B. Matthews, was nominated by the county convention. There was an exciting election in this county on the 5th, by the conventions of all the districts, for the purpose of nominating a democratic candidate for the legislature. The names of a number of able gentlemen was presented. Dr J B Matthews received the nomination on the sixty-first ballot. The result was very satisfactory. AYTCH

TROUP'S REPRESENTATIVES.

LAGRANGE, Sept. 6, 1876.

At the primary election for representatives in this county, Albert H Cox, Esq, and J F Awtry were nominated. They are both for Hon B H Hill for United States Senator. H.

SUMTER HOLDS THE FORT.

AMERICUS, Sept. 6, 1876.

Sumter county democracy nominates for representatives Hon Allen Fort and W H Davison. Both are good men.

UPSON FOR CANDLER.

BARNESVILLE, Sept. 6, 1876.

At the convention at Thomaston, yesterday, on a ballot for choice for congressman, Hon M A Candler was declared the choice by a vote of two to one over all opposition.

HOUSTON FOR CANDLER.

FORT VALLEY, Sept. 6, 1876.

Houston county yesterday elected delegates to the congressional convention. They go uninstructed, but are reported to be for Candler.

UPSON FOR CANDLER.

THOMASTON, Sept. 6, 1876.

The convention here yesterday elected Candler delegates to the district convention to be held on the 13th inst. The vote stood as follows. Candler, 124; Hammond, 68; Speer, 5 H.

DEKALB'S PRIMARY.

The executive committee of DeKalb county met on Tuesday at Decatur and consolidated the votes at the several precincts. The following is the consolidated vote:

REPRESENTATIVE.

M R Ragsdale	347
G L Humphries	315
R A Alston	297
J B Steward	283
J W McCurdy	205

SHERIFF.

James Hunter	1431

CLERK SUPERIOR COURT.

J R Russell	1045
W H Bolton	292

ORDINARY.

H V Bayne	478
L A Sirmans	406
J W Kirkpatrick	310
R M Brown	129
Scattering	141

TAX COLLECTOR.

J T Veal	339
E L Wood	199
J H Gassaway	392
T H Weaver	179
F M Leavel	190
G B Jackson	183
B F George	130
N M Reid	71
B Drake	18

TAX RECEIVER.

W J Williams	514
C W Johnson	297
I L Teat	2 2
L B Underwood	249
J M Paden	71
J G Stead	18

TREASURER.

J R McAllister	1398

SURVEYOR.

F L Guess	1968

CORONER.

T L Evans	435
Moryan Veal	349
George Brown	171
J S Fincher	70
W A Evans	1
N F Hooks	80
Dave Long-bore	1

The nominees are: Representative, M R Ragsdale; ordinary, H V Bayne; clerk superior court, J R Russell; sheriff, James Hunter; tax collector, J T Veal; tax receiver, W J Williams; treasurer, J R McAllister; surveyor, F L Guess; coroner, T L Evans.

The candidates are all good men, and now let the democracy roll up a rousing majority for them. Give no quarter to independent candidates.

CLAYTON NOMINATION.

A. CLOUD NOMINATED FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

The convention to nominate a democratic candidate for representative of the county of Clayton met at the court house Tuesday, the 5th inst.

Col W A Tigner in the chair.

J M Smith was elected secretary. The chairman explained the object of the meeting, and the secretary proceeded to call the roll of delegates, all being present or represented, the chair declared the body ready for action.

J M smith moved that a committee of five be appointed by the chair to draft rules and regulations for the body, which motion was carried.

The chair then appointed the following gentlemen as the committee: W. R Ward, D L Duffie, Seaborn Lee, J T Dodd, W C Daniel.

The following report of the committee was adopted. We the committee appointed to draft rules for the government of this convention agree to adopt the two thirds rule, and any candidate receiving twenty-seven votes shall be declared elected.

Each district shall be entitled to ten votes and if any member should be absent, the majority of the members from his district shall have the right to cast his vote. The candidate to be elected by ballot.

D. L. DUFFIE,
J. T. DODD,
S. A. LEE,
W. C. DANIEL,
W. R. WARD

The convention then took a recess until two o'clock P M.

EVENING SESSION.

John M. Huie was called to the chair. The secretary proceeded to call the districts, and the balloting commenced.

The contest was between Messrs Cloud and Suttles.

After balloting six times, Mr H T Masters withdrew the name of Mr Suttles and moved the nomination of Mr Cloud by acclammation, which motion prevailed.

On motion of A F Adamson, a committee of one from each district was appointed to wait upon Mr Cloud and inform him of the action of the convention.

The committee soon returned with Mr Cloud, who delivered an appropriate address.

Capt Smith then offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we, the members of this convention will support Hon A E Cloud, who is the nominee of this convention, and do all in our power to secure his election.

2. That we consider party unity of great importance, and that we do deprecate all "independent candidates."

On motion of A F Adamson it is requested that these proceedings be published in the Atlanta CONSTITUTION and the Jonesboro News.

On motion the convention adjourned.

JNO. M. HUIE, Chairman.
J. M. SMITH, Secretary.

MR. CLOUD'S ACCEPTANCE.

Mr Cloud accepted the nomination in a neat and appropriate speech. He closed his remarks by saying that he hoped that they would have no cause to regret their action in nominating him.

HOUSTON HAPPY.

FORT VALLEY, Sept. 6, 1876.

Houston has done well. She has nominated for representatives A L Miller, B M Davi and J F Sikes. B.

WARREN'S SELECTION.

WARRENTON, Sept. 6, 1876.

Gen A H Colquitt, governor of Georgia, (in futuro) entertained a crowded house Tuesday, in Warrenton Ladies and all were simply delighted.

Dr W H Ficher is the democratic nominee for the legislature. AUTIQUS.

TOWNS FOR HILL.

GAINESVILLE, Sept. 6, 1876.

Towns county sends J. W. Holmes and W B McConnell to the congressional convention. They are for B H Hill for congress. F.

MORGAN'S DELEGATES.

MADISON, Sept. 6, 1876.

Morgan sends to the congressional convention G F Ponder, J J Morrison, N B Atkinson as delegates with Oscar Thomaston and B H Overby as alternates. They are for Hon. B H Hill. S.

THE COMING MAN.

CAIRO, Sept. 6, 1876.

It is thought that all candidates for congress here will harmonise on John Triplett of Thomasville, provided he gets married before the 13th. D.

Savannah's Scourge.

Savannah News.

The mortuary reports show a considerable increase in the interments from those of the previous days—seventeen interments being reported, of which ten were yellow fever cases. The health officer reports forty-one new cases, against twenty-four on Sunday, which is an increase of seventy cases.

RELIEF.

The usual reports were made by the committees of the Benevolent association showing the amount of relief extended. The following resolution was offered by Colonel John Screven and adopted:

RESOLUTIONS OF INQUIRY.

WHEREAS, The cause of the existence of yellow fever in the city is at present not authenticated; and, whereas, the public happiness and welfare demand that the cause should be diligently sought and clearly ascertained, with a view to its future prevention; therefore,

Resolved, That the honorable, the mayor and aldermen, be and they are hereby respectfully requested to appoint with the least possible delay, a committee of physicians from their own body, from the Georgia Medical society, and from the citizens at large, to enquire into the cause of the existence of the yellow fever in the city, and to recommend such measures as may be expedient to prevent its recurrence.

Resolved, That the secretary be directed to hand a copy of these resolutions to his honor, the mayor.

SOUP HOUSES.

Soup houses will be opened to-day at 7 Berrien street and on east Broad street, and destitute persons will be supplied with food by procuring certificates from their district committees. Contributions can be sent to Mr Wm Wade, 100 Jones street

It will be seen by the notice of the association that citizens are requested not to give anything in behalf of the association except through its officers.

Messrs Lovell & Lattimore contributed a new cooking stove and utensils for use at the soup houses.

BUSINESS MATTERS.

By the following circular it will be seen that freight can be sent west of Lake City:

ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD COMPANY,
GENERAL FREIGHT AGENT'S OFFICE,
SAVANNAH, GA., Sept. 4, 1876.

Capt. W. W Gordon—DEAR SIR: I am pleased to inform you that we know of no difficulty in shipping freight to Florida, except to points east of Lake City. This of course will include all points on the A. G. and W. I. T. Co. R. R. (Fernandina to Cedar Keys.) Please post this, as suggested by yourself, at the cotton exchange. Yours very respectfully,

JOHN L. ROUMILLAT,
General freight agent.

THE STEAMERS.

Since the return of the steamer Reliance from her last trip to Fernandina, she has been anchored off Tybee, in order to avoid any danger of infection, and will not return to this city until the fever is over.

The steamer Rosa goes up to the Charleston railroad bridge every night.

The crew of the steamship H. Livingston are taken on a special train every night to Eden, and the crew of all the New York steamers that arrive here will hereafter sleep at that place.

NORTHERN PAPERS

Col Wadley has issued the following circular to northern shippers:

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GA., AND
N. Y. & SAVANNAH STEAMSHIP LINES
409 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, Sept. 1, 1876.

As there appears to be an apprehension that goods shipped via Savannah may be detained in consequence of the prevalence of yellow fever at that point, we beg leave to assure all parties that there will be no detention whatever and that we will enter into agreement with any or all parties shipping goods by our route to make good all losses incidental to any detention arising from such cause.

WM. M. WADLEY,
President C. R. R. and banking Co.

A NECESSITY.

It has been suggested that sub-dispensaries be created, or that physicians be empowered to write on regular drug stores for medicines for the destitute, and that these prescriptions be used as vouchers at the end of every month. This becomes necessary from the press on the regular city dispensary, as many persons have to wait one or two hours before they can obtain medicine.

DISINFECTANTS.

We are requested to call the attention of our people to the fact that the disinfectants issued by the city are for the poor, not for those who have means to purchase them.

The Jacksonville authorities quarantine the mails from Savannah. We suppose carrier-pigeons would be subject to the same regulations. About the most effectual mode would be to declare Georgia in a state of siege. Precaution is a good thing, but quarantining the mails is absurd.

A Savannahian who sent his family last week to Beaufort, left this city for a few days to visit them. He had a remarkably warm reception, being met by the mayor and marshal and escorted six miles outside of the town limits. He reached home yesterday.

Columbia S. C. Register.

There is in Columbia a single case of yellow fever, brought here by a gentleman who left Savannah with the fever in his system. Nobody need be alarmed. Yellow fever is not contagious, and there is no chance of its spreading in Columbia; in fact, an old merchant of Columbia hearing that Wilmington had put an embargo upon all persons coming from the infected city, has requested us to invite any and all persons who wish to refugee to Columbia, whether they have fever or not, to come along and we will do the best we can for them.—Columbia Register.

Passengers by yesterday's trains bring no better news from Savannah. The fever is reported as slightly on the increase, with a heavier mortality the past two days. One gentleman informed us that a strong foothold had been gained in the most prominent central localities, and that much apprehension is felt should the present warm weather continue. All with whom we spoke assured us that there is much suffering among the lower classes, but that everything is being done that can be by the Benevolent association and the several charitable institutions of the city.

A gentleman by last night's train states that the fever is rapidly gaining headway, not only in the suburbs, but throughout the city. He informed us that forty-three new cases were reported from Saturday morning to Sunday night, with nineteen deaths for Monday. There is still a general lull in all branches of business, and the outpouring continues upon departing trains and steamers.

The trains of yesterday brought a good number to Macon, most of whom are registered at the hotels with a view to remaining some time.

It is estimated that at least 11 000 people have left Savannah since the setting in of the panic. Some whom we have met put the figures even higher.

President Gaboury, of Pio Nono college, has a letter from Rev. Father Rebmann, of the same institution, who has been in Savannah ever since the first appearance of the fever. He writes that he has seen more than a hundred cases of sickness, of which twenty resulted fatally. Of this twenty deaths thirteen were of yellow fever. He writes that the fever is a mild type and readily yields to treatment. There is a good deal of bilious and malarial fever in the city which some mistake for yellow fever.

HYMENEAL.

Marriage of Colonel E. Y. Clarke to Miss Nora Harrison.

Last night at eight o'clock Col. E. Y. Clarke, managing editor of the CONSTITUTION, was united in marriage to Miss Nora Harrison. On account of the large number of friends of both parties, and their high social position, the event created no little interest in our community. The services occurred at the second Baptist church, and in the presence of a large and fashionable audience, which not only filled every available seat in the galleries and hall, but even crowded the doors.

The bridal party included quite a number of attendants.

The bride and groom were the center of attraction, and the former was very beautifully attired.

The marriage services were unusually impressive, being performed conjointly by the Rev. J. L Rogers, of the Presbyterian church, and Dr. A. T. Spalding, of the Baptist church.

The bridal party proceeded at once from the church to the residence of Mrs. Stark, a sister of the bride, at Decatur, where a reception was given to the attendants and a few relatives.

The house was beautifully decorated and the supper embraced nearly every delicacy. Here the company enjoyed themselves till past midnight. This afternoon at half past three o'clock the happy couple will leave Decatur for a brief visit of three week's duration to the north.

THE PRESENTS WERE MANY AND COSTLY.

At this late hour we have only time to notice a few.

Mr. James P Harrison, a brother, presented the bride with a $1,000 organ.

A complete toilet set of fine China was presented by the employees of the CONSTITUTION office.

A handsome family Bible by the members of the police force.

A beautiful silver pitcher and waiter by the directors of the young men's library association.

There were also various elegant presents from relatives and friends.

In addition to the above, the bride received a magnificent piano from the Georgia Press association. We give the correspondence:

COVINGTON, GEORGIA, September 6, 1876

Col. E. Y. Clarke, Atlanta Ga.,

MY DEAR FRIEND—It affords me great pleasure to present you herewith, in behalf of a portion of the press of Georgia, an order from Messrs. Phillips & Crew, of your city agents for the world-renowned Wm. Knabe & Co., piano, for one of their style 16, grand pianos, worth $1,000, as a gift to your accomplished bride. The piano, accompanied with a full list of the donors, will be found at your residence on your return from your bridal tour, which, I presume will be in about 30 days. Please accept it as an earnest of the affectionate regard of the donors, and of the high esteem in which you are held as a co-laborer in the journalistic profession.

With kindest and best wishes for yourself and charming bride, I am very respectfully yours,

J. W. ANDERSON,
Editor Star.

ATLANTA, GA., Sept. 6, 1876.

Messrs. Wm Knabe & Co, Baltimore, Md.

DEAR SIRS: Please deliver to Captain J W Anderson or order, in behalf of the Georgia press, one (style sixteen) of your celebrated grand pianos, price $1,000, a complimentary gift to the bride of Colonel E Y Clarke, editor of the Atlanta Daily CONSTITUTION, and charge the same to the account of,

Yours very respectfully,
PHILLIPS, CREW & FREYER,
General agents.

With their many friends the CONSTITUTION sincerely wishes the colonel and his accomplished bride many long years of unalloyed happiness.

—Another large and varied assortment of widows will be thrown on the Turkish market in a few days.

—The centennial year is witnessing the building of the first cremation furnace ever put up in this country. The work is going on at Washington, Pennsylvania.

—Norwich Bulletin: Nothing pleases a conscientious bachelor so much as to dine with a married friend and see the baby put his foot into the gravy.

—An autograph inspector announces that since July 1, 60 baronets, 75 counts, 550 barons and 1,550 "honorables" have registered at one of the Niagara hotels.

—The announcement that Lydia Thompson would not come back till next year has created an utter stagnation in the opera glass trade.

—The greatest picture in the Philadelphia exhibition in size, and according to many critics in merit also—Hans Makart's "Catherine Cornaro," in the Austrian gallery—is offered for sale at the price of $45,000, and will probably remain in this country. It is the joint property of two gentlemen, one residing in Vienna and the other in Prague. —New York Tribune.

—Miss Middleb sat down at the piano yesterday afternoon and sang, "Where are the dreams of the dawn?" And her young brother, coming out of an adjoining room from an interview with his father, sobbed out the refrain, "Under the bending willow!" And he meant it, too.

—The "original copy" of the "Bells of Shandon" is on the whitewashed wall of Father Prout's old college bedroom. The students take good care that no vandal carries off the plaster on which his pencil wrote the magic verses.

—A society is being organized in London for the purpose of stocking uninhabited islands with pigs and rabbits, so that shipwrecked sailors who happen to reach such spots may find an abundance of food awaiting them.

ADAMS AHOY!

THE DEMOCRACY OF MASSACHUSETTS TROT OUT SAM BOWLES' HERO.

Connecticut Denounces Taft's Military Order—The States Must Be Let Alone.

Special telegram to the Constitution.

Good for Connecticut.

HARTFORD, September 6.—The electors at large: Gov. Chas. R. Ingersoll and Gen. Wm. B. Franklin.

Opposed to the Military.

HARTFORD, September 6.—The following is the third resolution of the platform:

That the military shall be subordinate to the civil authority, that the array of federal bayonet around the polls where peaceable citizens are voting shall cease; the federal government has no right to send its standing army into a state to interfere with its local affairs except when called upon under the provisions of the constitution by the governor of legislature and that the recent order of the war department, by direction of the president, placing federal soldiers under the control of United States marshals around the polls in the southern states, when no disturbance has occurred or occasion transpired for their presence, and no state authority has constitutionally called for them, is an outrage upon the people and a violation of the principles of our government. Its menace is that the federal administration design to perpetuate its power, and may do so by silencing the sovereignty of the ballot by use of the sword.

Phil Cook for Congress.

MACON, GA., September 6.—General Phil Cook, in the third Georgia district, and Hon. J. H. Blount, in the sixth, have been renominated.

From Vermont.

BOSTON, September 6.—One hundred and thirty towns give Fairbanks republican for governor of Vermont 31,184 votes. Bingham 14,584. The same towns who gave Peck republicans 22,495 and Bingham 8,416 in 1874. At this rate the aggregate vote for the republicans will show about 26,000 majority.

Correct Figures.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, VT., Sept. 6. Corrected figures of 112 towns give Fairbanks, 28,585; Bingham; 13,385 Same towns in 1874 gave Beck, 20,257; Bingham, 7,501.

The Massachusetts Convention.

WORCESTER, September 6.—Wm Wirt Warren was elected permanent chairman of the democratic convention. Committees were appointed.

Mr. Warner's Speech.

WORCESTER, Sept. 6.—Mr. Warner spoke of the necessity of reform and peace throughout the country. The republicans are endeavoring to create strife between the whites and blacks for party ends. He spoke of Tilden as the chief practical reformer in the country and the long needed leader.

All for Adams.

WASHINGTON, September 6.—Charles Francis Adams was nominated for Governor by acclamation.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Gov. Gaston withdrew his name, and presented that of Mr. Adams.

The electors at large are Mr. Gaston and Edward Avery.

A committee was appointed to nominate the balance of the ticket.

The resolutions warmly endorse the St. Louis nominations, and assert that the national honor and credit demand exact justice to creditors of the government, the pensioner, the laborer and the bond holder, and the payment in coin of the debt represented by legal tenders held by the people.

The Rest of the Ticket.

WORCESTER, Sept. 6.—The committee appointed to complete the balance of the state ticket made the following report, which was unanimously adopted: Lieutenant governor, Wm. P. Plunkett; secretary of state, Edwin H. Lathrop; auditor, John E. Fitzgerald; treasurer, Weston Howland; attorney General, Richard Olney.

Bristow Secures a Home.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Ex-Secretary Bristow has again leased the house occupied by him here.

Calling in the Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—The following bonds, issued under act of March 3, 1865 and dated November 1, 1865, have been called in, and interest on them ceases December 16:

Of coupon bonds of the denomination of $50 those numbered from 551 to 600, both inclusive; $100, from 851 to 2,500, both inclusive; $500, from 3,351 to 9,700, both inclusive; $1,000, from 14,551 to 26,000, both inclusive. Total amount of coupon bonds called in, $7,000,000.

Of registered bonds of the denomination of $100, from 801 to 1,050, both inclusive; $1,000, from 501 to 1,800, both inclusive; $5,000, from 1,100 to 1,550, both inclusive; $10,000, from 1,161 to 2,100, both inclusive. Total amount of registered bonds, $3,000,000.

A Noise in the Earth.

POTTSVILLE, September 6.—The people of Centerville are excited over the caving of some ground in the lower part of the town over the mines. The ground is cracking, crumbling, and slowly sinking, and miners refuse to work in Correll & Co.'s mine.

Manufacturing Outrages.

WASHINGTON, September 6.—A dispatch was received from Marshal Packard of Louisiana, stating that indications of serious disorder in that state are increasing. The dispatch was forwarded by Taft to Grant.

A Bulgean Rumor.

NEW YORK, September 6.—The break to-day in the New Jersey Central from 34 to 25 was immediately due to the sensational rumors. The rumors were, that the company had gone to protest, that there was a large defalcation and that Mr. Jno. Taylor Johnston had resigned the presidency. A member of the stock exchange firm, one of the oldest and most respected in the street, called upon the treasurer of the New Jersey Central, who denied the above rumors. This denial White, House & Co., conveyed to the stock exchanges. On the denial the stock recovered to 29.

A Fatal Railroad Accident.

ST. LOUIS, September 6.—All the passenger cars on a train on the Kansas City & St. Louis railroad were ditched by a washout. Charles Faussig, treasurer of the road, one of his little children and a baby nephew and Richard Eilet, of Mississippi, were killed. Of the other passengers [illegible] more or less hurt.

A Prize Fight.

CINCINNATI, September 6.—The fight between Allen and Goss is definitely settled to take place to-morrow in Kentucky, not more than 57 miles from Albany. They left for the grounds at noon to-day and Goss will follow this afternoon.

Morrill's Absence.

WASHINGTON, September 6.—Morrill remains absent until after the Maine election.

A Murderous Lutelde.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., September 6.—A Victor Smith, who murdered his neighbor's wife some weeks since in this city, has put a bullet in his own head.

Scott Lord.

ROME, September 6.—Scott Lord, democrat, was re-nominated for congress yesterday.

Freezing Pennsylvanians.

MILFORD, Pa., September 6.—There was heavy frost throughout this section of the state last night. The buckwheat crop was considerably injured.

Gen. Jeff Thompson

ST. LOUIS, September 6.—Gen. Jeff Thompson of New Orleans died this p m, at his old home in St. Joseph Missouri, where he had been visiting for his health.

The Last Rail.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 6.—The last rail of that portion of the Southern Pacific railroad connecting this city with Los Angelos, was laid this afternoon at Lang's station, 42 miles from Los Angelos in presence of a large concourse.

Charles Crocker, president of the southern Pacific railroad company, completed the work by driving

The Golden Spike

with a silver hammer presented by the city of Los Angelos. At the conclusion of the ceremonies the party continued their journey to Los Angelos, where they were entertained by the city. The road is now completed within 100 miles of Colorado river, which will probably be reached before the close of the year

"HOW-HOW!"

A COUNCIL WITH THE BLOODY RED-SKINS.

A Blackfeet Chief Declares that his People will not be Slaves, But will do as they Please.

Special to the Constitution.

NEW YORK, September 6.—A Bismarck dispatch says that when Capt. Johnson took charge of the

Standing Rocks Agency,

after the suspension of the agent by Gen. Carlin, he had a council with the chiefs and leading men, all numbering about 100. The council was a stormy one, and much

Loud and Impatient Talk

indulged in on the part of the Indians, and each strong expression made against the whites, or in defence of the troops was received with loud grunts of approval, and "How-how," the Indian expression of unqualified indorsement. This was particularly the case with Grass, chief of the Blackfeet, who has ever been considered friendly to the whites.

The Captain's Conciliation.

Capt. Johnson, in a short address, informed the Indians that the Great Father had appointed him their agent to look after them, and take care of them. He hoped they would get along well together, and have no trouble. He would see that they received all that the Great Father sent them, but that he should issue rations or goods only to those Indians actually at the agency to receive them, and in order to do so correctly he should in a few days send some one into their camp to count them. They would be required to give up all Indians that came in from hostiles, who must give up their arms and become prisoners. We desired that all these Indians on the west side of the river, should move near the post where they could be properly looked after.

Objects to Slavery.

Grass insisted that the agent had been in the habit of letting them go about as they pleased, but now they were obliged to give up and be treated as slaves, and intimated pretty plainly that they should continue doing as they had done in the past—that is, as they pleased.

The Prospects.

Whether they will continue to assume this attitude the future will decide. There is a sufficient force to quell any outbreak the Indians may make, with the prospect of three additional companies soon. The only trouble would arise from a lack of mounted forces. Three companies of the 11th infantry are now en route to the agency, making the garrison 9 companies. One great cause of trouble at Standing Rock is the fact that the Indians have been

Short of Supplies

every winter, and appropriations were so delayed this summer that they became absolutely destitute and an Indian to be good must have a full stomach.

NOTE.—This agent was suspended because it was believed he had a secret interview with King Eagle, one of the hostile chiefs, and subsequently issued 250 head of cattle, most of which has gone to the hostile camp.

He Hasn't.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Secretary Chandler has concluded not to appoint an agent at the Standing Rock agency, but will allow the military to remain in charge.

—A correspondent wants to know who invented polo. Doubtless it was Polonius, the old man that Mr. Shakspeare has spoken of, and who came so near being the father-in-law of Hamlet.

—After the fall of the curtain upon the last act of the "Dusk of the Gods," Wagner made this little speech in response to the applause: "Now you know what can be done. Do you wish for an art? That depends on yourselves. Have a firm resolution and an art will follow."

—"How to get rid of a cold" is being discussed by the country papers. Put a little nitro-glycerine up your nose, then hit it with a sledge hammer, and the cold will never trouble you again. —N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

—Since the announcement that "the use of beer glasses is regulated by law in Vienna, and a foam line is marked on each," has been made, active preparations are on foot for the early annexation of Conley Island to Austria.

—A red nose may be produced without drinking intoxicating liquors. It may proceed from defective circulation, or from wearing a tight collar. People who happen to belong to temperance societies, and are nevertheless anxious to wear a cheerful, rubicund appearance, may attain the desired end simply by wearing a No. 15 collar on a No. 16 neck.

BLADSTONE'S GRIT.

HE DENOUNCES TURKEY'S BULGARIAN ATROCITIES.

He Calls on the People to Compel the Government to Reverse Its Eastern Blunder.

Special Telegram to the Constitution.

LONDON, September 6.—A pamphlet by Mr. Gladstone, entitled "Bulgarian Horrors and the Question of the East," has been issued. He says it is urgent in addition to the termination of the war. First. To put end to the anarchal misrule, plundering and murdering, which still desolate Bulgaria. Second. To make effectual provisions against its recurrence by excluding the Ottman government from administrative control to only in Bosnia and Herscevinia, but above all others in Bulgarias. Third. To redeem by these measures honor of the British name which, in the deplorable events of the year has been more gravely compromised than I have known it in any former period.

Mr. Gladstone says he is still desirous to see the territorial integrity of Turkey upheld, though that desire should not be treated as paramount to a still higher object of policy. As an old servant of the crown and state, he entreats his countrymen to require and insist that the government which has been working in one direction, shall work in the other, and shall apply all its vigor to concur with the other states of Europe in obtaining the extinction of the Turkish executive power in Bulgaria. Mr. Gladstone concludes with an appeal for an organized collection and distribution of relief to the Bulgarians.

Alexinatz Secured.

LONDON, September 6.—A despatch to Reuter's telegraph company says the Turks have occupied Alexinatz.

Poor England.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—A Times' special from Vienna says that English influence at Constantinople has greatly weakened since the declaration that England would not support Turkey against Russia. Austria is now looked upon as the power whose interest compels her to oppose such a step on the part of Russia, and consequently Count Zichy, the Austrian ambassador, now occupies the exceptional position of power which Mr. Elliott, the British ambassador, recently held. Meanwhile the Turks, who are by no means discouraged, have real faith in their own military power. The demand for an armistice presented by the foreign ambassador on Monday, has not yet been answered, as a decision must be taken in council and must receive the sultan's sanction.

Refuses Compliance.

The Pall Mall Gazette has a special from Berlin which says Turkey through her ambassador at European courts has decidedly refused to grant the armistice demanded on Monday, but expresses a willingness to treat for peace.

More Failures.

LONDON, September 6.—Several trade failures in the provinces have been announced to-day, with liabilities aggregating $1,000,000.

No further news has been received from Gen. Tchernayoff, of the Servian army.

Five Men Killed.

LONDON, September 6.—The new tunnel for underground railway in Bishop's Gate street caved in. Four or five workmen were exhumed injured and taken to the hospital. Four remain buried, and it is feared they cannot be rescued alive.

Watering Places.

THE MONTGOMERY
White Sulpher Springs,

ARE located in the county of Montgomery, Virginia, in a beautiful valley 1800 feet above the level of the sea, amidst the grand scenery of the Blue Ridge and Alleghany Mountains, and will, on the first day of June next, be opened for the reception of guests.

These Springs are reached by a continuous Railway, which lands the visitors in the Reception House in the centre of lawn.

A New Branch Narrow Guage Rai road

constructed, of a light new T rail, with flan bars, has been completed, affording our guests the comfort and convenience of stepping from one car to the other, and in a few moments being safely landed on the Springs grounds, making it much pleasant than to be transferred to slow coaches, overcrop roads.

THE WATERS of these Springs consists in Sulphur, Chalybeate and Freestone, and are extensively know for their Hygienic properties. In addition to which, the Proprietors will keep for the use of their guests, the waters of the various Mineral Springs of the State. The newly discovered Iron Springs is regarded the finest tonic water in the State.

The Montgomery White is the Most Spacious Watering Place in the State,

accommodating at least 1,000 guests. THE BUILDINGS are beautiful in design, combining elegance with comforts are throughly furnished, and in perfect repair; they surround a splendid grass covered lawn, dotted with fountains, and traversed by a limpid brook with sparkling water falls, and shaded by the Ash, the Elm, and the Maple. The grounds are dry, sweet, and healthful, the drainage being perfect. The usual sources of Amusement are provided—Ten Pins Billiards, Croquet, Bowling, Fishing, Hunting, Walks, Drives, Balls, &c., &c., make up the pleasures of the day.

Express, Post, Telegraph and Ticket Offices are found here.

The Bar is unsurpassed. The

Splendid Naval Academy Band

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The pamphlet of Decisions for term not closed are now ready for delivery. Send order at once. Price, $1 00 per pamphlet to CONSTITUTION subscribers; $2 00 to others. Volumes 40, 47, 48, 49, for sale. Address THE CONSTITUTION office, Atlanta, Ga. sep6—dtf

THE most powerful argument that democratic papers in Alabama can use against Hayes consists in the statement that the election of Hayes means that Spencer and his crew will lord it over the people of Alabama for four years longer.

NO ELECTION occurs in California until November. On the odd years her state elections occur in September. It takes a Philadelphia lawyer to keep the run of her curiously complicated election law, and he can't do it half the time.

SENATOR GORDON'S refusal to let his son accept a federal appointment is in striking contrast with the conduct of Senator Morton, who recently put his son into a clerkship in the postoffice department, and has several other members of his family in the public service.

THE Chattanooga Times has changed hands. Mr. Cunningham, formerly connected with the press of Shelbyville and Nashville, is to be its new editor. The name of the paper will not be changed, and Mr. C. can and doubtless will make it a prominent feature of Tennessee journalism.

THE Athens Georgian thinks "the whole system of taxation in Georgia is speculative and conjectural, and until established upon some sure, certain and positive basis, will ever prove unequal, unjust and oppressive, thus furnishing just and legitimate grounds for complaint among our overburdened tax payers."

THE opposition to Gov. Porter, in Tennessee have three candidates in the field—Maney, Thomas and Yadrley. The latter is of African persuasion, and the belief prevails that he will receive more votes than either Thomas or Maney. Gov. Porter will receive 40,000 more than all his opponents combined.

CHEERING reports, says the Charleston News and Courier, "come from every county in the state that communities which have for years been steeped in apathy are at last fully aroused and resolved that the state shall be redeemed. Citizens who had abstained for years from voting have enrolled themselves in the democratic phalanx, and are earnestly working in the good cause, and the eleventh-hour laborers are conspicuous for their zeal and energy."

OUR local columns contain this morning a record which shows that the managing editor of the CONSTITUTION has finally succumbed. Last evening he led a bride to the altar. His associates desire to express simply their warm desires for his future happiness, which is well assured, for he has chosen a life partner wisely. They further wish him a pleasant trip and an early return to the duty that he gave up only yesterday, this very issue containing several articles from his pen. He swung a steady quill up to the very last.

RELATIVE to Dr. Felton's proposition the Athens Watchman says:

This is not only a fair proposition to restore peace in the Rome district, but should be adopted in all the districts. We suggested this a year or two ago in the Southern Watchman. The adoption of this plan would at once and forever do away with the necessity of conventions—which on account of the "bargain, intrigue and corruption" with which some of them have heretofore been attended, have become exceedingly distasteful to the honest people who are not office-hunters, and seek nothing but the good of the country.

Dr. Felton's proposition is simply a plan for primary elections on an enlarged scale.

THE democrats in the low country of South Carolina, says the Charleston Journal of Commerce, "have gone to work in earnest to help on the good cause. From every part of the seaboard accounts are received of democratic enthusiasm, organization and work. They propose not only to make their own votes count solid for Tilden, Hampton and reform, but also to give the most substantial assurances to colored men, that they will be effectually protected in voting the democratic ticket."

THE centennial correspondent of the London Times discusses in a complimentary way Messrs G. P. Rowell & Co's newspaper building on the exhibition grounds. 8,129 newspapers published in the United States are regularly received and filed away, subject to the call of any visitor. For the mere asking a man has the run of over 8,000 newspapers, Let us quote one paragraph from the long letter of the Times' correspondent:

The visitor may at first wonder how among 8,000 papers, among them such mighty sheets as the New York Herald, he is to get at the small, loved print of his home, thousand of miles away, it may be, over the Rocky mountains. But the management is so simple that by consulting the catalogue any one can at once find any paper he wants. They are pigeon-holed on shelves in the alphabetical order of their states or territories and their towns, the names of which are clearly labeled on the shelves. Thus the newspapers of Abbeville, in South Carolina, would be found on the first sheif, and those of Laramie City, in Wyoming, on the last; but anybody in difficulties has only to apply to one of the eight superintendents, who, "all pineapples of politeness," are ready to execute his orders as if they bodily belonged to him. If he would like to take notes or write, he has, in two galleries which run around the upper part of the building, his choice of some thirty desks with pen, ink and paper, all provided off course, gratis; or if he has ladies with him, or friends with whom he wants to have a perfectly private chat, there are at his disposal two or three private rooms comfortably fitted up. The visitor is in fact, so spoiled, that before he has been in the building five minutes, he begins to feel himself injured because he cannot order at the usual prices of the establishment an iced "cocktail" and a bath.

BOILER EXPLOSIONS.

The government has long been trying, in its usually feeble way however, to ascertain why boilers so frequently and mysteriously explode, and what can be done to prevent, or at least to limit, such accidents. As long ago as 1833, congress appropriated $100,000 for the purpose of making scientific experiments in this direction. The money was turned over to the Franklin institute of Philadelphia, and after five years of experiments, the institute submitted a report. No great good came of it. Mr. Stevens, of New Jersey, took up the work, and made some private experiments that enlarged our knowledge of the subject to some extent.

In 1873 congress again appropriated $100,000 to carry out proposed tests. The then supervising inspector-general of steam-ships, a Mr. Smith and a humbug, was appointed chairman of a commission to carry on the work. He started out on the mistaken principle that all he had to do was to get a place for the experiments, buy a lot of boilers, set them in position, and blow them up. He was dismissed, and the commission now has no chairman. There is also another vacancy. The remaining members of the commission are Charles W. Copeland, of New York; Prof. Thurston, who is an invalid; J. R. Robinson, of Boston, and J. V. Holmes, of Cleveland—all but Prof. Thurston being civil engineers by profession.

About $50,000 have been expended in stocking test grounds at Sandy Hook, Pittsburg and Boston. Perhaps $20,000 more have been absorbed by salaries and incidentals. The latter item is apt to cover a good deal in the operations of latter day commissions. There is just now quite a pressure upon Secretary Morrill to fill the two vacancies in the commission in order that the tests may go on at Sandy Hook this fall.

Not much has thus far been accomplished. We are not much wiser in this respect than we were in 1833—that is, those of us who were on the stage of action at that time. Boilers are popping all around us, and the graveyards are fuller; but the government commissioners continue to gently absorb the appropriation in salaries and incidentals. Well, when only a little is expected, there cannot be a great amount of disappointment. Private citizens will yet doubtless have to solve the problem, which is both difficult of solution and full of importance to a people that use steam power for a thousand purposes.

GEN. LEE'S PORTRAIT AT THE CENTENNIAL.

Some time since a paragraph was going the rounds of the press to the effect that Gen. Lee's portrait was virtually ignored by placing it in some foreign department. Such a report was not calculated to centennialize southern feelings or stimulate much enthusiasm in that connection. We are glad to have before us the evidence that the report was unfounded, and that, on the contrary, upon the representation of our Georgia commissioner, Major George Hillyer, the matter was examined into, as the following letter, addressed to Mr. Hillyer, shows:

I am in receipt of your letter of the 4th inst., relative to the portrait of General R. E. Lee.

The picture arrived more than two months after the opening of the exhibition, and after the date fixed for the reception of articles; but with especial regard to the subject and the section of the country whence it came an exception was made, and it was admitted and given a conspicuous place in one of the rooms in the American department in the memorial building.

I regret exceedingly that erroneous reports have been circulated concerning the placing of the picture in the exhibition, and assure you that the most favorable position was granted to it that was possible under the circumstances.

I am, yours very respectfully,
A. S. GOSHORN,
Director General.

We think this is satisfactory evidence of proper treatment, and we are gratified, as all southern men must be, that an "exception was made" on account of "especial regard to the subject and the section whence it came."

THE FINANCIAL QUESTION.

In New York there is a hotel called the Grand Union, and it is first class. But there are other first class hotels in New York, and the Grand Union is not peculiar or phenomenal in that respect. In another respect, however, it is. Its proprietors do not exclusively devote themselves to bills of fare and elegantly furnished rooms, but evince their ability to do other things than running a good hotel. One of them, Mr. James E. Shaw, is a thinker of considerable ability, and it is not only a pleasure to listen to his reasonings and theories, but it is a source of instruction to read after him. He is a warm admirer of the statesmanship and official integrity of the Southern men in national politics and governmental control before the war. Among other subjects, he has studied that of finance, and under the title above given has contributed in a leading New York journal one of the ablest and clearest expositions of the day, showing the causes of coin accumulation in the old world, of the balance against the United States, and the remedies for our monetary evils. Taking up the statement that the bank of France has 550,000,000 francs in gold, the largest quantity it has ever had, he explains this immense accumulation by demonstrating that France made herself a nation of "producers," and by wise legislation kept her importations below her exportations. Her paper currency commands a premium over gold, because the government set the example of taking it for debts due, and never enacted laws to resume specie payments, the effect of such laws being to impair the confidence of the people in the national currency. He then reviews in comparison the financial history of the United States:

At the close of our war our debt amounted to $2,900,000,000, about one-half of that of France, $650,000,000 of which we have succeeded in cancelling, at the expense of an utter prostration of trade and a future anything but encouraging to our recovery.

We also recognized the fact that "labor" is the only capital with which we could restore our ruined country but pursued a policy which could not have had any other result than the present millions of unemployed hands crying for bread. Instead of arranging labor so that while a moderate tariff would keep foreign competitors from our shores, the equilization of the price of labor with that of Europe would enable us to export our surplus to the world and bring us in return the gold. We paid for labor twice and three times in excess to that paid in Europe, and as a consequence in spite of superior machinery and ingenuity, are compelled to stay home with our wares.

Unlike France, you have failed to encourage our nation to become "producers." This eight-hour law, a political measure, has only resulted in encouraging idleness and extravagance with our people and the formation of trades unions, the terror of honest labor. The less hours a man works the less he can produce, and that, with its high price of labor, increases the cost of production and thus we are driven from competition with the world.

You have put the stamp of condemnation on your currency. You have declared it good enough for the laborer, but not good enough for the government. You have passed a law to pay specie on the 1st day of January, 1879, and I ask the question, what have you done in these sixteen months since its passage to carry out that law? Has any one of our wise senators in congress or the press of this country shown us the way to resume? Has the republican candidate for president in his letter of acceptance presumed to enlighten us as to how he expects to resume specie payments? Has not General Grant said the same in his letter accepting the Philadelphia nomination, and how far has he succeeded with the advice of those who helped to compose Mr. Hayes' letter to accomplish that end? Promises of that kind will do very well for campaign papers, but I have yet to learn the means by which presumptionists propose to carry out their theory. Perhaps Governor Tilden may enlighten us on the subject. It is an acknowledged fact that the law resuming specie payment has caused a widespread ruin, and with our prostrate industries, where do you expect to get the gold from to resume specie payment with?

France, after five years of her war, has the substance of her people in her vaults, and eleven years after the close of our war we are decidedly in a worse condition than immediately at its close.

The result of our failure to grasp the situation at that period of time was that the $800,000,000 we received from our $2,000,000,000 bonds, the $4,000,000,000 for duties and revenue, the $900,000,000 of gold we received from California, our cotton and grain and our labor went to fill the banks of France, England and other countries to pay for our over-importations and interest on our bonds. What have we to show for all that money? Not a dollar in our treasury, our industrial establishment closed up, our best mercantile exchanges sold by the sheriff, over one half of our population staring at starvation and in the face of such a state you went and drew in $650,000,000 of our debt to still more cripple our commerce and industries. Who can deny but that the tampering with the finances of the the country has produced it all. The most sensitive nerve of a government body is that of the finances, irritate it to often or crowd its functions and the whole body politic is struck with a chronic disease,

After this comparison of the two countries, the writer proceeds to discuss the remedies:

First. Restore the confidence of our people in the currency of the country. Let our currency be good enough for one as it is for the other, the government not excepted.

Second. Like France, set all our people, men, women, boys and girls to work, to turn our resources into merchandise; do not beguile them with the eight hour law, abolish that at once, as also the resumption act of 1875. Regulate the tariff and price of labor, so that while we protect our home industries we can successfully compete with European markets. Do away with trade unions and instruct the laborer to look to the interest of his immediate family, instead of fomenting strife with his employers and his labor will receive its just reward.

Third. Let the government give a stimulus to trade by ceasing retraction of her currency, until an accumulation of gold has actually taken place, then issue a coin currency of the value of one hundred cents on the dollar, instead of her present policy of issuing silver worth but eighty five cents on the dollar, which is the greatest fraud perpetrated on its people, and is inflation of the worst kind. Our currency is now worth eighty-nine cents on the dollar and the government seeks to retire it, and substituting for it a currency worth but eighty-five cents it is *a delusion and a snare wherewith* our less intelligent citizens are entrapped.

Fourth—In case the government is in need of money to purchase gold to pay her interest on the debt and for the purpose of stimulating trade, I would suggest the issuance of 3 per cent. interest paying certificates, payable in twenty or thirty years in gold, and in sums of from $5 to $100 and not exceeding in total the $650,000,000 drawn in of her debt. Let these certificates be paid out for debts owing by the government to its people, and, like the artisan of France, every clerk, mechanic, laborer and servant girl in this country will vie with each other in the possession of these bonds, thereby keeping our debt at home, the interest among our people, and a reduction of the amount of interest we have been paying. And with the success of this policy we may gradually also convert the remainder of our debt in like certificates of 3 per cent interest.

To sum up the remedies suggested would be then, to give full employment to labor, men, women, boys and girls, and as many hours as their leisure will admit to turn our vast resources into merchandise. It is the only capital with which we can resume specie payment. Export the surplus of your productions to the world. Stop the retraction of the currency, and let the government currency be accepted as a legal tender for all debts, including those owing by the people to the government. Cease agitating the minds of our less intelligent people with the talk of hard or soft money, who are not aware that to the agitators of that question it is as incomprehensible a subject than to our members of congress. Elect men to our national legislature who are men of business, able to grasp with the wants of a nation. Encourage manufacturing and producing, avoid suspicion in the faith of your government by keeping from tampering with the currency of the nation. Endeavor to effect the balance of trade to be in our favor, and gold and resumption will come from this natural law of trade much earlier than by a law being penned by the national legislature for that purpose, and with it increased immigration to our shores, swelling our population to 50,000,000 or 60,000,000, and prosperity will reign once more among us.

FACT AND COMMENT.

BEN LOMOND, east of Loch Lomond, is covered with snow.

GOV. SEYMOUR has been obliged to purchase a bull-dog and turn it loose in his front yard.

THE voters of Butler's congressional district will take the elder Weller's advice about widows.

IT is better than a lime kiln over in Indiana. The democrats are conducting a vigorous and aggressive campaign.

GOVERNOR TILDEN'S real income—that which will trouble the republicans next—will be that of March 4, next.

VICTOR HUGO mercilessly says: "Should I never write another word, 12 volumes of my unpublished works could be issued from the press."

"A RHETORICAL rider of dead horses" is a picture in another attitude which the New York Herald presents of George William Curtis.

THE elements of strength that supported Senator Frelinghuysen in New Jersey have left him. William Walter Phelps is already being talked of as his successor.

KILPATRICK has been retired from the republican bloody shirt-and-money campaign in Indiana. He has seized upon coon in his speeches, "How about that letter?"

IT is said that there is not a person in America or Europe either who has an intelligent idea of the operations in Turkey. We believe the assertion.

—THE big gun that became famous in history as the "Swamp Angel" during the siege of Charleston, has lately been sold for old iron in Trenton, N. J.

WHEN Oliver P. Morton drinks his daily quart of blood with the froth on, he gallantly proposes "The Ladies," and sighs as he thinks of Frances Thompson.

"WHO'S rooster is that that serenades us about 3 o'clock every morning?" asks an exchange. Your Uncle Samuel's, doubtless, and there'll be more of 'em a-crowing after election.

MONSIGNOR CAPEL, preaching lately at St Alexander's church, Bootle on the confessional, said that he had never heard in confession the "least thing that might not be proclaimed on the house tops."

THERE is complaint that the three congressmen sent from St. Louis are "mutes"—Kerr a lawyer, Wells, an omnibus and railroad man; and Stone, an iron manufacturer, all democrats, not being speech-makers.

MR. GLADSTONE is devoting himself to literature and social reforms. He now hopes that the time will come when there will be no such thing in England as a cottage without a garden.

GOV. HENDRICKS says it was impossible for Mr. Kerr to appear to believe that of which he was not thoroughly convinced. He would sacrifice his labor—his personal efforts for a friend or constituent—no man would go further—but no power on earth could shake or change his convictions when once formed.

THE Dutch have built a splendid iron ad, and can't get it to sea because they have not a canal big enough to float it there. Let our Dutch friends keep their big ship where it is, they will be able to see it occasionally which is more than we, not being a nation of divers, can say about some of our.—Punch.

IN the Presbyterian church there are forty-nine churches which have over five hundred members and twelve which have over one thousand. The Madison Square church, of this city, heads the list with 1,584 members. Two of the Presbyterian churches of this city, the first and Dr Hall's, contribute nearly $100,000 each to benevolent objects every year.—N. Y Times

IF General Butler succeeds in nominating himself for congress this year, in the opinion of the Hartford Courant it will become the duty of every republican in the district "who believes in honesty, in politics and in private life to vote and work for his defeat. The Courant will regard his election as a disgrace to Massachusetts." The editor of the Courant is General Hawley.

A CURIOUS calculation has been made in the printing office of a Paris newspaper. Assuming that a good compositor handles 24,000 letters a day, and that his hand moves one foot with each letter in taking and setting the type, it will be seen that his hand travels 48,000 feet, or nearly ten miles a day, and in the course of a year, excluding Sundays, travels fully the distance from Paris to New York.

FROM Seymour's ancestor of the seventh generation are descended, besides himself, Governor Thomas H Seymour and Congressmen Origen S Seymour and Moses Seymour, of Connecticut; United States Senator Seymour, of Vermont; Congressman David L Seymour, of New York state, and many others famous in public life. And you seldom Seymour great men in one crop, remarks the New York Graphic.

IT costs $105,900 a year to sweeten the coffee of the Indians at the agencies. We learn this from the advertisement in the New York Herald, calling for bids for several articles to be furnished these red-legged gentlemen, whose friends are killing our settlers and soldiers. In addition to 706,000 pounds of sugar, 57,100 pounds of tobacco are required, and tea, and yeast-powder to raise their French rolls. We Indian agents honest, an average white man might well wish to be an Indian loafer under a paternal government.

Special Notices.

Thrash's Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer.

CENTRAL RAILROAD & BANK'S CO., OF GEORGIA
ATLANTA, GA., June 4th, 1876.

Messrs. J. T. Thrash & Co., Griffin, Ga.:

GENTS—Please send me (as before) one largest size bottle of your "*Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer*"—true to name. It is the only remedy now extant for consumption and diseased throat and lungs. Other remedies, so numerously recommended, are but temporary palliatives, that do any good but for a short time, whilst your *Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer* gives relief at once and will permanently cure. My experience with remedies for the relief of the throat and lungs probably exceeds that of but very few persons, physicians or otherwise. I have been very near the point of dissolution of soul from its afflicted tenement; and have used every remedy ever heard of; the effect appeared only to procrastinate the sufferings of my mortal existence. Seeing Dr. Lovie Pierce's certificate of your medicine, and being well acquainted with the reverend doctor for nearly forty years, and consequently knew well his afflictions, concluded that your remedy might do me good, at least, I had never used it, and as I had used every other remedy known or heard of, concluded at last to give it a trial. I sent to you for a bottle, you are aware, and after using it, I purchased more from Messrs. Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, this city. Before the first was exhausted I was fully convinced of its good effects; and after or, about the time of the use of the last two, I could speak easily, and could *sing*; a thing I could not have done for three years or longer; and have been able to lie down comfortably and sleep soundly, a comfort that I had not enjoyed for a long time. I have been using the remedy about twenty days, and unhesitatingly certify that it is a *cure for consumption* and all affections of the throat. My lungs commenced exhibiting signs of disease in March, 1866, the result of *measles*, a cough ensued and continued to grow worse. April, 1876, I was so feeble that I could not attend to business of any sort, and was forced to give up and come to Atlanta that I might be near my good old mother to breathe out my last on earth: the never-tiring attention of *that mother* and your *Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer* has saved me and I now feel as if my life might be spared me several years longer. Indian remedies, German remedies, and French remedies to the contrary. Respectfully,

JOHN H. MEAD.

For sale by Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, Pinson & Holt, and Theo. Schumann.
june23—dood3wtf

GEORGE C. WARE,
Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in
Cider, Cider Vinegar, Ginger Ale.
Also, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer of
E. R. Conklin's Original Recipe
Table Sauce,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Nos. 287, 289 and 291 West Third St.,
CINCINNATI, O.
Highest Premium Awarded, for E. R Conklin's Table Sauce, at the Cincinnati Industrial Exposition, 1874.
sep5—d3m

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE
"ONLY GOOD SAUCE,"
And applicable to every variety of dish.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, March 1851.
"I prize LEA & PERRINS' Sauce highly as an agreeable condiment to fish, game, soup, etc., and as a most wholesome Sauce to digestion."
Worcestershire Sauce
LEA & PERRINS'
SIGNATURE IS ON EVERY BOTTLE.
Lea & Perrins
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
NEW YORK.
aug14—dlaw1 "sixes"

Ice.

ICE! ICE!
Cunningham's Warehouse.
aug10—dtf

Ten Cent Column.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserted in this column at Ten Cents a line, each insertion. ☞ All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance; and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

A GENTLEMAN owns a four acre block in West End, near street cars, on Lee street, wants to build on half of the lot, and sell the other half for funds to build with. Prefers to sell to some one who will improve. Lot beautifully located, nice grove and lies well. Address C., this office. sep7—dtf

FOR SALE—The property of Mrs. Eckford situated in Edgewood, Georgia, 3½ miles from Atlanta. A comfortable house and six acres of land. For further information call on C. G. Eckford, at Chamberlin, Boynton & Co. sep6—d3w

A MULE FOR SALE CHEAP—A very large 4-year old Mule. Apply to Er Lawah, 47 Whitehall street. sep3—d3t

WANTED—$500 00, on not less than one year's time. Security perfect. Interest payable in advance monthly or quarterly, as desired. Address M., constitution office. sep6—d3t

A FEW BOARDERS can be accommodated at 55 West End. House large and airy, directly on the street railroad. A. B. Mathews. [sep6-d3t

FOR RENT—A new three-room Cottage on Crew street. Apply to A. T. Spalding, 207 McDonough street. sep5—d3t

I WILL SELL OR RENT (to be used as a private residence only) my house, No. 18 Houston street, near Peachtree street. The House is centrally located, large and as good as new. J. G. Reynolds. sep6—dtf

WANTED—To rent, four to six room cottage, in good repair. Apply to W. L. Peel, at Bank of the State of Georgia. sep5—d1w

FOR RENT—A good finished house, 171 Forsyth street, below Garnett. Apply next door at Mihalovitch's. sep5—dtf

$3 00.—This trifling sum will get 1000 nice BILL HEADS at Sisson & Co.'s. sep3—d3t

WANTED—Situation as traveling agent, by a person of experience. References given. Address Dreamer, Constitution office. sep3—d4t

$5 00.—One Thousand Business Circulars printed in good style, for this sum, at Sisson & Co.'s. sep3—d3t

THE Legal Fraternity can get the finest assortment of LEGAL BLANKS they ever saw, at Sisson & Co.'s. sep3—d3t

$4 50—For this sum you can get a ream of handsome LETTER HEADS at the Printing Establishment of Sisson & Co. sep3—d3t

$2 50 PER 1000 for Business Cards at Sisson & Co.'s. sep3—d3t

50 CENTS—One PACK of first class VISITING CARDS for this small sum at Sisson & Co.'s. sep3—3t

$3 25—This is the cost of 1000 first-class No 6 ENVELOPES, with card printed on them, at Sisson & Co.'s. sep3-d3t

BECAUSE Printing is CHEAP at the live establishment of SISSON & Co., it is no sign that it is not GOOD. Give them a trial sep3—d3t

I WANT to purchase a 25-horse power Engine, in perfect order, with or without boiler. Send price and where the Engine can be seen. Address A. B., Atlanta, P. O. aug30—dtf

FOR RENT—From the 1st instant, the "Cannon House," Marietta street. Apply to W. L. Shumate, 83½ Marietta street. aug29—d3t

ADVERTISE in the Annual Trade Review of the Constitution, Sept. 10th. aug26-dtf

FOR RENT—Store room in "Planter's Warehouse, Marietta street, adjoining my office C. H. Strong. aug20—dtf

New Advertisements.

University of Georgia,
ATHENS, GA.
The Seventy-sixth annual session

WILL open October 4th, with full Faculty in all Departments. Tuition in the Academic Department $75 00, payable in advance, viz: $35 00 on October 4th, with $5 00 Library Fee, and $40 00 on March 1st, 1877. Fifty beneficiaries from the State admitted free in the Academic Department. The State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts forms a part of the University and opens October 4th. Free scholarships in the State College are granted to as many students, resident of Georgia, as there are members of the General Assembly. The Law School opens—the first term on the third Monday in August, the second term on the third Monday in February following. Fees $60 per term. Instruction afforded in every branch of a liberal and professional education.

Good board may be had at $12 50 to $20 per month.

For catalogues, &c., address
W. H. WADDELL,
Secretary of the Faculty,
sep7—deod3w Athens, Ga.

Campbell Sheriff's Sales.

WILL be sold on the first Tuesday in October next, before the court house door in the town of Fairburn, Campbell county, Ga., within the legal hours of sale the following property, to-wit:

The entire town lot of land in Fairburn, Georgia and the two-thirds undivided interest in the house situated thereon, the lot is not known by any number, but a part of land lot No. 67, in the 9th district of originally Fayette, but now Campbell county, Georgia. Said town lot bounded as follows: commencing on Campbellton street at a point where a certain alley or street running from the property formerly owned by T. J. Green intersects Campbellton street, and running down Campbellton street 86 feet to a point, thence N. 50 degrees east 290 feet to a certain fence, the one along said fence to the the street or alley aforesaid, thence along said street or alley 318 feet to the starting point. The above property was claimed by Mrs. Anna Malone as a homestead, and the same found subject, one-third interest in the house aforesaid found not subject, and only the property found subject is to be sold, to-wit: The entire lot and two-third undivided interest in the house situated thereon. Levied on as the property of Wiley J. James to satisfy a fi fa in favor of John P. Miller against James and Malone, issued from the Justice Court of the 1134th District, G. M. Property pointed out by plaintiff.

MOSES M. SMITH,
sep7—wid Deputy Sheriff.

NOTICE!

Important

TO

SHIPPERS.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE
CENTRAL RAILROAD,
SAVANNAH, GA., September 4, 1876.

TWO, and if necessary, THREE STEAMERS A WEEK will sail from Savannah for New York. No passengers will be taken until further notice. Mr. Walker is now in New York and telegraphs the health officer will allow our Steamers to enter port on the fifth day from Savannah provided there is no sickness aboard. Shipments of COTTON destined to New York will be delivered at Central Railroad Wharf, thus avoiding hauling through the city and delay.

WM. ROGERS,
General Superintendent.
sep7—d3w

GEORGIA, Fayette county.
Ordinary's Office, September 4, 1876.

TILLMAN PATTERSON, administrator of the estate of Francis Patterson, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the real estate of said deceased.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons interested to file their objections, if any they have, within the time allowed by law, else leave to sell will be granted said applicant on the first Monday in October next.

L. B. GRIGGS,
sep7—w4w Ordinary.

Sale of Impounded Cow.

THE COW, now in this pound, will be sold to the highest bidder at the Pound, in rear of station House, within the legal hours of sale, on Thursday, September 14th, 1876, unless sooner redeemed by the owner.

J. A. ANDERSON,
Chief of Police.
Atlanta, Ga., September 7th, 1876—d1w

Road Notice.

Georgia, Fulton county—Court of Ordinary
September Term, 1876.

WHEREAS, Wm A. Banks, Charles Deckner, and others, have petitioned for a public road leading south from the corporate limits of the city Atlanta from Humphries street, passing Bender's to corner of Sherman's lot; thence west on north side of Sherman to the land line; thence south along land line to a stake two-thirds of Frederick Deckner's line; beginning at said Deckner and Parker men; thence southeast across Deckner's and Haden's land to the Hapeville or Pool Mill road south of the Water Works, which route has been reviewed, marked out and staked by the Commissioners of Roads of Black Hall District and commended to be opened as a public road.

All persons concerned are hereby notified that said application will be finally heard and granted on the first Tuesday in October next, if no good cause is shown to the contrary.

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary
sep7—w4w Fulton county.

Florida Free Land

CHOICE HOMESTEADS
—IN—
ORANGE COUNTY
—WITHIN—
Three Miles of Railroad Transportation.

Lands Unsurpassed for Fruits and Farming.

OFFICE SOUTH FLORIDA LAND AGENCY,
FORT MASON, Orange County Florida.

THE undersigned have entered into a business arrangement for the purpose of locating settlers on the public lands (either the United States or State) in this and adjoining counties.

Located in the most delightful portions of Orange county, in a section of territory conceded by all to be the best adapted to the culture of the orange and kindred fruits, and thoroughly acquainted with all the lands in this vicinity, we are better able to give information concerning the lands still vacant than any others engaged in the land business in this county.

The railroad now in course of construction connecting the St. John's river at Lake George with Lakes Harris, Eustis, Griffin, Dora and the other head waters of the Oclawaha river, will furnish all surrounding lands with ample transportation facilities and place settlers within easy distance of the Northern and Eastern markets.

The Climatic Advantages

of this section of territory are so well known as scarcely to need recapitulation. Vegetables and tropical fruits can be grown throughout the year without danger from cold. The severest frosts of this lake region do not injure vegetation, as was proven during the past winter, when the frosts killed early vegetables at considerable distances south of us and left this region untouched—not a blade of grass being injured.

Homesteads near the Railroad.

We are now prepared to locate settlers on the public lands in close proximity to the railroad. One of the undersigned (Mr JOHN S. BANKS), has just completed a thorough survey of a large tract of United States lands, situated at from three to six miles distance from the railroad. These lands are not only admirably adapted to the culture of oranges, but are also excellent for farming purposes, and can be easily brought into cultivation. Old settlers in the vicinity raising an abundant supply of corn, cotton, sugar, etc., upon them.

Get a Homestead Now.

Parties who propose settling in Florida will find it greatly to their advantage to obtain to homesteads during the summer months, and thus avoid the rush of the fall months. Those desiring locate near the railroad can obtain

One Hundred and Sixty Acres Free

if their entry is made before the completion of the road. After its completion, which will be some time this coming fall, they will not be permitted to enter more than eighty acres. Persons locating during this summer can also get their lands in readiness for a crop of early vegetables next winter, and thus be enabled to realize a profit from the lands immediately. We are now

Prepared to Locate Homesteads,

singly or in colonies, at moderate rates, and in every case we guarantee complete satisfaction. No lands will be located by us until one of us have thoroughly surveyed them, and in all cases our patrons shall be given the best tracts of which we have any knowledge, without favoritism or partiality being shown to any one.

State Lands.

We are also prepared to locate, survey and purchase any desired quantity of State lands, and will forward this work, either for a specified price in money or for an agreed upon per centum of land. We now have some choice pieces of State land marked out on our maps, which have been surveyed by us, and which are among the best lands of this State.

Further Details

can be obtained by addressing (with stamp enclosed for reply) the undersigned. Prompt attention given to all letters. Address

BANKS & ST. CLAIR-ABRAMS,
Fort Mason, Orange county, Florida.

To My Friends in Georgia, Alabama and South Carolina.

In response to many letters received by me, I have entered into a business arrangement with Mr. JOHN S. BANKS for the purpose of locating settlers on the public lands of this and adjoining counties. Mr. BANKS is a practical surveyor of many years' experience, and possess a thorough knowledge of the public lands, having been United States Register of Public Lands in this State. We have explored and surveyed a considerable tract of these lands, and we are now prepared to locate settlers on.

Choice Homesteads.

Many persons have written me expressing a desire to remove to this State during the present year. These I would advise to OBTAIN THEIR HOMESTEADS NOW. In the fall months the rush of Northern settlers is expected; whereas, at present the travel is light, and one can select a place with greater ease. In addition, the large tract of homestead lands contiguous to the railroad, recently surveyed and opened up for settlement by Mr. BANKS, if not entered this summer, will inevitably be taken up by the first influx of Northern travelers next fall. As my deeds (without prejudice to Northern settlers) is to locate the choice homesteads, while able to do so, I urge them to make the selections at once, and thus secure valuable and eligible homes in this State.

GEO. F. CRICHTON,
HENRY P. KIMBALL,
THOS. F. CRICHTON.
Fort Mason, Orange county, Florida.
ulyl8—tuthsatsep30

Business Men of Atlanta,

THE
ACWORTH ALVOCATE

Is one of the best mediums for making known to the country people your localities and styles of business. It is published in one of the most thriving and energetic villages on the W. & A. R. R. A large amount of trade is done in Atlanta by the business men of Acworth as well as by the citizens of the town and its surroundings.

It is believed there is more cotton sold in Acworth than at any other town on the Western and Atlantic Railroad.

The Advocate has a good circulation in Paulding county, which is constantly increasing, and rates of terms are liberal. Try us.

Address M. MARSCHALK,
sep5 d3t Acworth, Ga.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm and style of Crichton, Kennedy & Co., for the purpose of doing a general wholesale Tobacco business.

GEO. F. CRICHTON,
HENRY P. KIMBALL,
THOS. F. CRICHTON.
Atlanta, Ga., August 14, 1876. aug5,d1sw6w

Dry Goods and Carpets.

SEASONABLE DRY GOODS
Just Received at
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.'S.

New styles of Fall Prints at 6 cents and upwards,
Splendid quality Bleached Goods at 8, 9 and 10 cents,
Extra wide Striped Percale, 10 cents yard,
An extra lot of Cheap Quilts, ranging 85 cents and upwards,
Our 50 cents BLACK ALPACA gives general satisfaction,
Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs at 6 cents and upwards,
Ladies' Colored Kid Gloves, 2-Buttons, 50 cents and upwards,
Ladies' Colored Lisle Gloves, 15 cents a pair,
500 packages of WRITING PAPER, Envelopes to match, 15 cents a package,
BLACK SILK offered at old prices (regardless of the great advance),
A lot of SEASONABLE DRESS GOODS, LINENS for traveling,
RIBBONS, HOSIERY (latest designs) offered very low.
We have a lot of
CARPETS!
WHICH WE OFFER VERY LOW. ALSO,
Matting, Oil Cloth and Window Shades.
A CALL WILL AMPLY REPAY.
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.,
38 Whitehall Street.
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., Charleston, S. C.
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., New York, N. Y.
BRANCHES:
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., Jacksonville, Fla.
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Educational.

GORDON INSTITUTE,

BARNESVILLE, GEORGIA,

A SCHOOL in which parents may confidently expect their boys and girls to be systematically and thoroughly educated to take their positions in life, fully qualified and determined to discharge all their duties as citizens promptly, honorably and successfully, is now in successful operation in Barnesville under the watchful care of a corps of most Energetic, Successful and Accomplished Teachers. Parents who desire to have their children educated to be earnest, self-reliant, prompt, persistent and persevering will find in the faculty of the GORDON INSTITUTE, teachers to whom they can safely delegate the responsible trust of training them mentally, morally and physically.

This is not a popular, superficial school, but one the comprehensiveness of whose course, accuracy and thoroughness of instruction, ability and energy of Faculty, have already placed it in the first rank of Colleges in the State. The methods pursued in this school are natural and rational.

For catalogue containing further information, address
C. B. LAMBDIN, President, or
T. A. E. MEANS, Secretary.
sep1—d1w

Fair Association.

COWETA COUNTY FAIR

THE GRANDEST COUNTY FAIR EVER GIVEN IN THE STATE!

PRMIUMS OPEN TO THE WORLD.

BEGINS AT NEWNAN, GA.,

Tuesday, October 24th, 1876,

AND CONTINUES THROUGH THE WEEK.

More than $3,000 in Premiums Offered!

Covering articles in almost every branch of Industry. The Premiums offered for

TROTTING HORSES

Are liberal enough to attract the FASTEST HORSES in the SOUTH!

Everybody is coming—but there will be room enough

Just Arrived and in Store

Haviland's & Co.'s, of Limoges, France, plain, decorated chamber, dinner, and tea sets, in China.

T. R. Boote's, of Burslem, Staffordshire, England, (best known maker of England) white granite earthenware.

Clementson Bros.'s, of Hanley, C. C. ware.

John Edward's, of Tunson Hall, heavy hotel, also light Havre porcelain ware.

Edmson's porcelain-lined and the well known gem jars, jelly tumblers, stone jars, butter tubs, porcelain-lined yellow ware.

Merchants and housekeepers, such as want good wares are invited to come and examine. Goods sold only for cash, thereby no per centage is laid on for losses, at HENRY SELTZER'S,
Corner Broad and Walton streets.
aug6—d3m sun4thur-o-g-n

State Politics.

DEMOCRATIC.

—B. F. Moore has been nominated for representative in Taliaferro county.

—The democrats of the 17th district of Sumter county adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we are opposed to calling a constitutional convention, thinking any defects in our constitution can be amended by legislative action, thereby saving a vast expense to an already overburdened and tax ridden people.

Resolved, That we favor the public school system and trust the day is not distant when the state, by wise economy and judicious reform, will be able to extend the blessings of education to all the children of the country without distinction of color.

—A correspondent of the Rome Courier writing from LaFayette, Walker county, says: On Tuesday of this week, the largest public assembly that has been seen in this place for years met in the court house to hear the address of the Hon. L. N. Trammell, democratic elector for the seventh district. The spacious court room was thoroughly packed, and for one hour and a half Mr. Trammell held the absorbed attention of his audience. That so large an assembly should during such weather, give patient audience to a speaker, argues great power in the speaker We do not remember to have seen the attention of any audience more completely enchained than Col. Trammell enchained that of the dense throng His speech was logical, eloquent, abounding in strong points and telling facts—it was, indeed, a speech of great power. Wherever he speaks, Colonel T. is arousing great enthusiasm among the democracy.

—The Valdosta Debating society debated the constitutional convention question and decided it in the negative

Republican.

—The negroes of Houston county have organized themselves for the campaign and are having night meetings all over the county. They will put forward candidates for all the offices, for the legislature as well as for the county positions.

—S. Wise Parker has bundled up his goods and moved from Dawson to Americus. His stay in Dawson only a few days.

—Benjamin Franklin Brimberry is again living in Mitchell; and is a candidate for the senate against Col. Bush. Brim, will be quietly set aside in October. The darkies won't vote for him

—It is currently reported here that Messrs. Phil Joiner. Murphy and Pearce, (radicals) of Albany, have sent out a circular to that party arranging Mr. Brimbery on numerous charges.

The Theory Borne Out by Facts.

The theory that lack of vigor is the underlying cause of disease is receiving daily confirmation of the most positive kind in the cure of dyspepsia, liver disorders, and kidney, bladder and uterine complaints by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the ruling remedy for maladies attributable to weakness. This superb tonic is never employed without the most beneficial effects. The liver, the bowels, the organs of urination, and indeed the entire system acquires both vigor and regularity through its action, since it gives a healthful impetus to every failing function. It is an incomparable specific for chills and fever, and other maladies of a malarial type, prevents their attacks, is a reliable means of counteracting the effects of undue exposure or fatigue, and soothes as well as strengthens the nervous organism.

sep2—d&w1w

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Vital weakness or depression: a weak exhausted feeling, no energy or courage: the result of mental over-work, indiscretion or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy—stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price, $1 00 per single vial, or $5 00 per package of five vials and $2 00 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY,
562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
june23—deod&wly

Centennial Route

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE
LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI
SHORT LINE
RAILROAD.
The Quickest, Best & Only Route
With which Passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
To Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Philadelphia.
New York
And other Eastern Cities
Without Change.

This is the only line running through Pullma Southern Sleeping Cars from New Orleans, Mobile, Jackson, Miss., Montgomery, Grenada, Decatur, Jackson, Tenn., and Nashville to Cincinnati without change, connecting at that point with all lines running Pullman and Wagnon Palace Sleepers to Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Albany, Salamanca, and New York without change.

This is the only line running its entire trains between Louisville and Cincinnati, and the only line by which passengers from the South en route to Eastern and Northern Cities (not in through Sleeping Cars) can avoid a tedious haul through the city of Louisville, by changing cars at Short Line Junction with L. & C. & R. R., three miles south of the city. where an elegant Dining Hall is located, under the management of the Railroad Companies

Through Sleepers from Atlanta, Chattanooga, Little Rock, Memphis and Vicksburg, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York, Philadelphia, and other cities via this line.

During the Centennial

Exhibition at Philadelphia Tickets via this Line will be sold at all ticket offices in the South and Southwest at greatly reduced rates.

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA
LOUISVILLE & THE SHORT LINE

No Other Line Can Equal It.

C. R. KELLY, Gen'l Ticket Agent. JOHN KILKENY, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
JOHN H. MACLEOD, Gen'l Sup't. Louisville, Ky.
aug6—dtf

Registration of Voters.

ATLANTA, GA., September 5, 1876.

ALL persons within the corporate limits of the city of Atlanta, desirous of participating in the coming Municipal Election, are required to come to my office and register. The books for the same will be opened on the 16th instant, and will remain open for two months.

All should remember that all those not registered will be debarred from voting.

Office hours from 7½ to 12 o'clock a. m., and 1½ to 6 o'clock p. m.

FRANK T. RYAN,
City Clerk.
sep6—d1w

Lucy Cobb Institute.

ATHENS, GA.

MRS. A. E. WRIGHT, Rev. P. A. Heard, Associate Principals. Prof. Amende, Music, will open on the second Wednesday in September, 1876. For catalogues apply to the Principals, or to Lamar Cobb, Secretary Board of Trustees.
aug23—sun&wed3t

Business Cards.

R. DOVER,
Practical Slater,
16 Broad Street, near the Bridge,
ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.
PLAIN and Ornamental Slating done at the lowest prices. A large assortment of the Best Roofing Slates and of Different Colors always on hand. Slating done in any part of the State. Slate roofs repaired. All my work is warranted for two years. Orders from city and country solicited.
Semi-tri-w. apr30,1876—d1y.

DR. J. N. SABRE,
Homœopathist.
OFFICE, 49 Whitehall street, up-stairs. Residence 156 Thompson street.
july12,1876—d1y

Marietta Chair Factory,
MARIETTA, GEORGIA,
BUMBY & MYERS, Proprietors.
THE best standard Chair and the lowest prices guaranteed. Send for our reduced price list and photographs before sending your orders elsewhere
aug30—d1tfapr31,1877

L. L. THOMASSON,
DEALER IN
Grain, Hay, Bacon, Lard,
FLOUR, &c., Market street, Chattanooga Tennessee. New Fire-proof Warehouse at foot of Market street. apr30,1876—d1y

Dentists.

HOLLAND & CRENSHAW,
DENTISTS.
Office, 23 Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA
june1 7, 1876—d1y

L. D. CARPENTER,
Dentist,
No. 47 WHITEHALL STREET, Atlanta Georgia.

ARTHUR C. FORD,
DENTIST
69 Crew Street, Atlanta, Ga.
Jonesboro Street Cars pass the door.

Lawyers.

JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Office, No. 5 Kimball House, next to Georgia Banking and Trust Co—First Floor. Entrance on Wall Street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA. Strict attention given to business. Collections promptly remitted Will practice in the Supreme Court of the State, the United States Circuit and District Courts at Atlanta, the Superior Court and Court of Ordinary of Fulton county. and the City Court of Atlanta aug29,1876—d1y

JOHN L. HOPKINS. JOHN T. GLENN
HOPKINS & GLENN,
Attorneys at Law.
ATLANTA, GA.
aug5—d1m

T. H. S. BROBSTON,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
ROOM No. 3 Ansell's building, corner Pryor and Decatur streets. aug8,1876—d6m

JOHN W. OWEN,
Attorney at Law,
TOCCOA CITY, GA.
WILL practice in the counties of Habersham, Hall, Banks and Franklin. Special attention given to collections. aug1,1876—d6m

J. S. JAMES,
Attorney at Law.
DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the county of Douglas and adjoining counties. Collections made a specialty. By permission refers to John. H James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Hon. J. M. James Ordinary of Douglas, and J. C. Dorsett, Clerk Superior Court of Douglas county.
dec10,1875—d&w12m

W. L. MARLER. HENRY PERRY
MARLER & PERRY,
Attorneys at Law,
GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.
SPECIAL attention given to collections. Will practice in the courts of Hall, Jackson, Banks Dawson, Lumpkin, White and Rabun counties.
june30,1876—d1y

R. W. BALDWIN,
Attorney at Law,
MADISON, GEORGIA.
REFERENCES—Dr. Jno. B. Minor, Prof Law Univ. Va; Hon. A. H. Stephens, Judge Augustus Reese. Judge Geo. T Bartlett, Col Geo W. Adair. june9—1tf

POPE BARROW,
Attorney at Law,
ATHENS, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the counties of Clarke, Jackson, Oconee, Madison, Oglethorpe and Wilkes. Collections made and promptly remitted. jan25, 1876—d1y

JOHN V. EDGE,
Attorney at Law,
DOUGLASSVILLE, GA.
WILL practice in Douglas, Campbell. Carroll and Paulding counties, and adjoining counties by contract. Special attention given to collections. june23,1876—d6mo

JACKSON & THOMAS,
Attorneys at Law,
No. 4 Broad Street, ATHENS, GA.
WILL practice in the Courts of the State march 1, 1876—d1y

HENRY C. RONEY,
Attorney at Law,
THOMSON, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the Augusta, Northern and Middle Circuits and Supreme Court of the State Prompt attention given to collections. dec25—dtf

ROBERT D. WALKER, Jr.,
Attorney at Law,
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.
PROMPT attention given to business. Sept. —d1y

C. A. THORNWELL,
Attorney at Law,
ROME, GEORGIA.
SPECIAL attention collections. mar10,1876—d12m

J. A McWHORTER,
Attorney at Law,
GREENESBORO, GEORGIA
WILL give prompt attention to the business intrusted to his care. Will attend regularly the Courts of the Cherokee Circuit. Collection of claims a specialty.
march12,18/6—d1y

O. A. LOCHRANE,
Attorney at Law,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA,
mar22—dtf

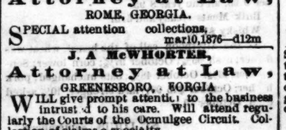
HENRY JACKSON, J. H. LUMPKIN
Reporter of Supreme Court.
JACKSON & LUMPKIN,
Attorneys at Law,
21½ ALABAMA STREET.
PRACTICE in the State and Federal Courts Special attention given to business before the Supreme Court. mar9—d1f

JAMES A. HARLEY,
Attorney at Law,
SPARTA, GEORGIA.
aug9—d1y

EDWARD J. REAGAN,
Attorney at Law,
HAMPTON GEORGIA.
PRACTICES in Henry and adjoining counties. Special attention given to commercial and other collections.
nov5,1875—d1y

J. A ANSLEY,
Attorney at Law
AMERICUS, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections.
oct15,1875—d1y

BOHNEFELD & BLILEY,
Undertakers & Cabinet Makers,
DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE,
Corner Marietta and Forsyth Streets,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.



WE will keep on hand the very best assortment of Coffins, Burial Cases and Caskets, and will supply the demand at the very lowest rates.
All persons interested are invited to call and examine our stock. All orders will have prompt attention and our personal supervision.
Hearses of any style desired, and Carriages of any kind or quantity, furnished at satisfactory rates.
In the Cabinet department, every description of Furniture made or repaired promptly, in the finest style of the art, and the most durable manner. CHARLES BOHNEFELD,
FRANCIS J. BLILEY.
aug23-deodly

By Joyner & Ellis.
NIGHT AUCTION.
ON TUESDAY NIGHT, September 5th, 7½ o'clock, we will sell at our auction store, to close a consignment,
800 pair Assorted Boots and Shoes,
in lots to suit purchasers, Dry Goods, Notions, Hardware, Crockery and Glassware, &c.
sep5—d3t

Schools and Colleges

EAST TENNESSEE UNIVERSITY
Affords specially good advantages; the location is beautiful, the climate healthy and agreeable, and the provision for Scientific and Classical instruction ample. $100 will pay for Board, Room-Rent, Fuel, Lights and Washing, a Collegiate Year. Tuition from $30 to $50 a year. For full information address Rev. THOS. W. HUMES,
Knoxville, Tennessee.
Apply to Atlanta to R. H. RICHARDS, Atlanta Savings Bank, for catalogues. aug2 2w.

Notre Dame of Maryland
COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Near GOVANSTOWN, Baltimore county, Maryland.
CONDUCTED by the School Sisters of Notre Dame. This institution, is most desirably located 5 miles N. of Baltimore, and is provided with every accessory for health and comfort. The system of education pursued is designed to develop the moral, moral and physical powers of the pupils, to make them REFINED, ACCOMPLISHED and USEFUL members of society. In the regular course, which includes the German and French languages, number of pupils is limited to one hundred and forty.
PARLOR BOARDERS or young ladies who desire PRIVATE apartments limited to fourteen.
YOUNG LADIES, whose health requires SPECIAL PRIVILEGES, can be accomodated at a first-class country residence located on the grounds, provided fifteen positive applications are made before the 25th of August.
Educational advantages are the same for all.
For particulars, send for Catalogue.
july4—d10w

THE MISSES SKINNER
Will open in Atlanta. September 14, a
School of High Order
FOR
Young Ladies and Children.
Application can be made to the Principal after august 15th, Mrs Dr Johnson's, 72 Marietta street. Reference—Rev. Mr. Foute, Atlanta, Ga. aug3—d1f

WESLEYAN
FEMALE COLLEGE,
MACON, GA.
The Thirty-ninth Annual Session will begin
Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1876,
with a full Faculty of Professors and Teachers
THIS IS A
HOME INSTITUTION
of the highest grade. Its long list of graduates found in every part of the South is its best recommendation.
Advantages, educational, social and religious unsurpassed.
For particulars address
REV. W. C. BASS, D.D., President.
or REV. C. W. SMITH, D.D., Secretary.
july25—d2m

Emory College.
THE FALL TERM of this long-established institution opens Wednesday, September 6, with a thorough Curriculum and a Full Faculty.
Tuition: $25 00 for the Fall Term.
Board, including fuel and lights, from $16 00 to $20 per month.
For further information address the President
ATTICUS G. HAYGOOD,
aug13—d1m Oxford, Ga.

Home School for Young Ladies,
ATHENS, GEORGIA.
Madame Sophia Sosnowski, } Associate
Miss Caroline Sosnowski, } Principals.
SCHOLASTIC YEAR re-opens September 15th, 1876. Circulars and particulars apply to the above. aug23—d1w

Bellevue High School,
Bedford County, Virginia.
ON Va. & Tenn R. R., 15 miles west of Lynchburg. Full corps of Teachers, High and healthy location; Pupils members of the family. Sessions begins September 15. For Catalogues or desired information, apply to
WILLIAM B ABBOTT, Principal,
july11—d&w3m Bellevue P. O.

Important to Parents and Guardians.
MOUNT DE CHANTAL
Academy of the Visitation,
NEAR WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA.
PARENTS in quest of a first-class school for their daughters, will do well to investigate the claims of this celebrated Academy. For thoroughness in every department of female education, Mt. de Chantal ranks pre-eminently high. Great attention is given to perfect the pupils in writing and speaking French with fluency. For those sufficiently advanced, it is the language of their recreation hours. The purity of accent and correctness of pronunciation acquired in this Institution have been a subject of surprise to the native Parisian. The renown for the superiority in music is so wide spread as to have made this Academy almost a national one. One feature, in particular, that should recommend Mt. de Chantal to the sensible parent, is the the influence exercised to form the pupils to views and habits of economy, and to render them really practical and useful women of society in after years. Simplicity in dress is enforced by rule.
These facts, united to the exceedingly moderate rates of board and tuition (300 per annum,) will we trust, secure to this school as large and desirable a patronage in the future as it has enjoyed in the past.
For further particulars apply for prospectus to the Directress of Mount de Chantal Academy of the Visitation, near Wheeling, West Virginia.
jan —d2tawly

King's Mountain Military School,
YORKVILLE, S. C.
NEXT Session begins September 4, ends January 30. Pupils should enter at beginning of Session, but will be received at any time. This is the oldest Military School south of Virginia, and the only one in South Carolina. Full Collegiate course Thorough discipline. Diplomas to graduates. Healthy, hill country. For printed circulars and full information, apply to
july6-deod3m Col. A. COWARD, Principal.

J. N PORTER & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
FIRE BRICK,
of "West Virginia," "Savage," and "Savage Mountain," of Square, Circular, Wedge, or desired shape,
Every Variety of Tiles,
For Gas Houses, Oil Refineries, Stoves, Grates, Steam Boat Boilers, Fire Beds, or any like purpose.
And finely ground Fire Clay
WORKS, at Porter's Landing.
POST OFFICE, New Cumberland, Hancock county West Virginia.
TELEGRAPH OFFICE, McCoy's Station, Ohio
sep5—d3mo

One Thousand Gallons
Linseed Oil
FRESH FROM THE CRUSHERS,
THIS OIL is strictly Pure, and the measure is eight pints to the gallon.
HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

LARD OIL, TANNERS' OIL,
Machine Oil, &c.
WE carry the largest stock and of BEST quality,
HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Fresh Arrivals:
50 kegs Dwight's Soda,
50 cases Lorillard's Snuff,
50 jars " "
50 cases Horsford's Bread Preparation,
HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Boarding House.
SPARTA.....GEORGIA.
By. Mrs. Brown.
GOOD accommodations, good and comfortable rooms Table supplied with the best the market affords. Terms one dollar and fifty cents.
MRS. BROWN,
aug16—d3m Proprietress.

New Advertisements.

Tried by Fire and Found not Wanting
J. L. VARNER,
Fire and Life Insurance Agent,
CUTHBERT, GA.
REPRESENTS the old and reliable Liverpool and London and Globe, and the most substantial American companies. Insurance placed at lowest rates and losses promptly
feb6,1876—d1y

BE READY
FOR THE
CENTENNIAL.
GENTLEMEN who intend visiting the Centennial, or desire to be well dressed, at home, will find it to their interest to give me a call, at
No. 10 Alabama Street.
I have a beautiful and varied line of GENTLEMEN'S GOODS, and am prepared to furnish suits of the
Latest Styles,
and at prices that will prove satisfactory to all who may honor me with their patronage.
A. SATZKY.
sep5 dtf

GENERAL AGENCY
—OF THE—
American Cotton Tie
COMPANY, LIMITED.
47 CARONDELET ST.,
New Orleans, July 22, 1876.
TO PLANTERS AND DEALERS
IN COTTON TIES
PLEASE take notice, that whereas there are being offered for sale in your locality by parties not licensed by us Iron Cotton Ties with buckles having an open slot through one bar of the buckle leading into a mortise. We caution you not to make use or sell any such Ties either with new Buckles and Bands, or so-called second-hand Buckles in combination with new or pieced Bands, unless bought from or through our duly authorized agents
Our arrow and other Open Slot Buckles for several years past have been sold and stamped "Licensed to use once only."
Our attorneys are instructed to bring suit against all persons violating our patent rights
For the American Cotton Tie Company, Limited
F. COOK, Gen'l Legal Agent.
Agents in Atlanta:
WILLIAMS, LANGSTON & CRANE,
W. M. & R. J. LOWRY.
aug6-d1m

THOMPSON'S RESTAURANT
Important to the Public.
ON and after Monday, the 20th of March 1876, I shall adopt the following Bill of fare at Restaurant for the benefit of the public. I will furnish BREAKFAST from 6 to 9 o'clock a. m., from
25 to 50 cts each
Dinner from 12 m. 3 p. m., at from
25 to 50 cts,
Supper from 6 9 p. m., from
25 to 50 cents.
Also, I will hereafter furnish all special orders at reduced prices.
mar19—d1f R. G. THOMPSON.

JOSEPH GORDON,
House and Sign Painter,
No. 24 Peachtree street,
ATLANTA.....GEORGIA
COUNTRY Orders solicited and promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. aug26—d1y

P. ROMARE. JNO. A. PERDUE
ROMARE & PERDUE,
Fire Insurance Agents,
Office over Lowndes' Tobacco Store, corner of Line and Pryor streets
Only first class companies represented.
sep3-d1m

REMOVAL.
BOWIE & GHOLSTIN,
Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers, have removed to
Nos 42 and 44 Alabama Street,
Next door to Williams, Langston & Crane, where they will be happy to see their friends and customers. sep3—d1w

American Lightning Rod Co.
ANY person wishing Lightning Rods put up, any style desired, can have the same done, in the most satisfactory manner, by
DOUGHTY & GRANGER,
representing the
American Lightning Rod Co
Apply to
No. 53 Broad Street.
aug18—d1mo

WASON CAR and FOUNDRY CO.
Manufacturers of
Railroad Freight Cars,
CAR WHEELS,
AND
Castings of all Kinds.
General Machine & Smith Shops
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
CHARLES WASON.....President.
W. H PARKER.....Superintendent.
F. F. MORRILL.....Secretary and Treasurer.
aug19 d3mo

A GREAT DISCOVERY.
By the use of which every family may give their Linen that brilliant polish peculiar to fine laundry work. Saving time and labor in ironing, more than its entire cost. Warranted. Ask for Dobbins'.
DOBBINS, BRO. & CO.
18 N. Fourth st., Philadelphia.
P. & G. T. DODD & CO., Sole Agents, Atlanta.
ap21-d&wtf

Notice of Dissolution.
THE firm of W. A. Hemphill & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent.
W. A. HEMPHILL.
T. Y. CLARKE.
N. P. T. FINCH
Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 1, 1876. sep6—d1m

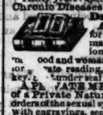
WM. E. TANNER. ALEX. DELANY
NORTON C. NEWTON.
METROPOLITAN WORKS,
CANAL STREET,
From Penn to Seventh,
Richmond, Va.
ENGINES, PORTABLE AND STATIONARY.
SAW-MILLS, GRIST-MILLS, BOILERS, CASTINGS OF BRASS and IRON, FORGINGS, &c.
AGRICULTURAL IRON WORKS,
In all its branches, done by experienced hands.
We call special attention to our Improved Portable Engines for agricultural purposes.
A number of second-hand ENGINES and BOILERS, of various patterns, in first-rate order, on hand.
Repair work solicited and promptly done.

WM. E. TANNER & CO.
may23—d&wtm

Relief for the Afflicted.
MARRIAGE GUIDE
An illustrated work 250 pages, a private companion for the married and single, indispensable to the mysteries of life, secrets in the physical organization of the human system, directions for the management of children, etc., etc., and the only reliable and truthful treatise published on the Sexual System, which no one can afford to be without. Every young man should read it, every married man should read it, every one who intends to be married should read it, every one who wishes to preserve the health and complexion and avoid premature old age should read it. Price by mail, in plain sealed envelope, only 25 cents. Address, Dr. A. B. CHASE, 24 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

DR. RICE,
37 Court Place, LOUISVILLE, KY.,
A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as also reliable, specialist in the United States.
Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.
Spermatorrhœa and Impotency,
as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in mature years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dizziness, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHILIS is positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia or Rupture, Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.
Is itself—and has for many years been—his special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express everywhere.
Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.
Consultation personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.
PRIVATE COUNSELOR
Of 200 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P. M.
aug9—d&w1y

DR. BUTTS'
DISPENSARY,
No. 113 N. Eighth st.
ST. LOUIS, MO.
Thirty years experience in the treatment of Seminal and Chronic Diseases of both sexes.



Dr. BUTTS' Marriage Guide,
A Physiological View of Marriage for the married and those contemplating marriage, on the mysteries of reproduction and the secret infirmities of youth, old and womankind. A full illustrated book of 200 pages, to be read, which should be kept under lock and key. Under seal for 50 cts.
Dr. BUTTS' PRIVATE MEDICAL TREATISE on all diseases of a Private Nature in both sexes, the abuses and disorders of the sexual system, and the means of cure, 150 pages with engravings, sent under seal for 25 cts.
MEDICAL ADVICE on Sexual and Chronic Diseases, Semipal Weakness, Catarrh, Cancer, Rupture, the Opium Habit, &c., a 50 page work sent under seal for 10 cts. All three books containing 440 pages and everything worth knowing on the subject, sent under seal, post-paid, on receipt of 60 cts. Address, Dr. Butts' Dispensary No. 113 N. 8th st., St. Louis, Mo.

MARRIAGE SECRETS.
DR. BORANNAN'S Marriage Guide illustrated with numerous engravings, from life teaches all the inquisitive how to avoid Courtship, Marriage, the Physiological Mysteries and Revelations of the Sexual system, how to cure all kinds of Diseases, with hundreds of valuable receipts, from day to day, until finished, at my office, in the city of Atlanta, Ga., make examination of said, returns and the vouchers and such evidence concerning the same, which may be presented by the Receiver, or any party in said cause, or by any party interested in said returns or any item thereof. * * * * Said Receiver or any party in said cause or in interest, will be permitted to appear in person or by counsel before me and be heard touching the matters under investigation.
This advertisement is made in pursuance of said order. This September 5, 1876.
JULIUS L. BROWN,
Master in Chancery.
United States Circuit Court, Northern District of Georgia. sep6—d7t

PAINTING & GRAINING
D. F. HOLLOWAY IS PREPARED TO DO all kinds of
House and Sign Painting.
Also, GRAINING and respectfully solicits orders for the same in city and country. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, No. 9 Hunter street.
aug27— d1m

Brick for Sale.
200,000 BRICK always on hand at Rolston's BUILD ROCK or BRICK MASONRY at short notice and prices to suit the times. Call on
PAT LYNCH
Builder and Contractor,
or leave orders at J. J. & P. W. Lynch, No. 1 Decatur street.

Lincoln and Robertson Co. Whiskies.
ARCHER CHEATHAM. GEO. S. KINNEY.
CHEATHAM & KINNEY,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Lincoln and Robertson Co. Whiskies,
Bourbon and Rye Whiskies, Apple and Peach Brandies,
Imported Brandies, Rum, Gin, Scotch and Irish Whiskies, Port, Sherry, Madeira, Malaga, Claret and Champagne Wines.
CURACOA, ANISETTE, MARASCHINO, AND VERMOUTH.
Spony Block, 44 South Market Street, Nashville, Tenn.
Prompt attention given to the selection and shipment of orders. Lowest possible rates of freight obtained to all points throughout the United States. aug6—d3m

New Advertisements.

$77 PER WEEK GUARANTEED to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

MIND READING, PISCHOMANCY, Facinations, Soul Charming, Mesmerism, and Marriage Guide, showing how either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affection of any person they choose instantly. 400 pages. By mail 50 cents. Hunt & Co., 139 S. 7th st. Philadelphia.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

SOUTHERN FEMALE COLLEGE,
LA GRANGE, GA.
The collegiate year of nine and a half consecutive months opens the last Wednesday in September. The literary, music and art advantages are unsurpassed, and 30 per cent. cheaper than elsewhere. Nine premiums for excellence in music and art were awarded a couple of this college at the State Fair within the last three years. Board and tuition per annum, $315 For Catalogue, address F. COX, President.

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE,
MACON, GA.
The Thirty-ninth annual session begins Sept. 20th, 1876. The oldest Female College in the world. Location healthy. Curriculum extended. A full corps of experienced teachers in every department. Advantages—educational, social and religious, unsurpassed. For catalogues, containing full particulars, address Rev. W. C. BASS, D.D., President.

University of Virginia
Opens October 1; continues through nine months. It is organized into schools on the elective system, with full courses in Classics, Literature, Science (with practice in Chemical and Physical Laboratories), in Law, Medicine, Engineering, Teaching and Agriculture Apply for Catalogues to JAMES F. HARRISON, Chairman, P. O. University of Virginia, Albemarle county, Virginia.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.
NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING
ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTH EDITION.
Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals: very complete lists Together with a complete list of over 300 German papers printed in the United States Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
41 Park Row, New York.
aug15—d&w4w

Catoosa Springs for Sale.
RARE CHANCE for INVESTMENT
By consent of all parties in interest, will be sold on
Thursday, Sept 21, 1876,
at public outcry, at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises at Catoosa Springs, Georgia, the following valuable real estate, to-wit:
All that tract or parcel of land, with the improvements thereon, known as CATOOSA SPRINGS, situate, lying and being in Catoosa county, Georgia, containing 320 acres, more or less, and adjoining lands of Harris Cotten, Nichols and H. H. Hickman.
The improvements are first-class and consisting of two large HOTELS, numerous cottages, and necessary outbuildings. There are numerous
Mineral Springs
on the premises, which are famed for their curative properties.
The property can be traded for at private sale until day of sale. Terms cash. Purchasers to pay for papers. Titles guaranteed!
Parties desiring to inspect this fine property may afford to S. C. Hornsby, on the premises, or to Geo. W. Sapp Dalton, Georgia.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned at Augusta, Ga., in person or by letter.
H. H. HICKMAN.
August 4, 1877. aug6—d6t

COTTON TIES!
100 TONS OF
Spliced Arrow Cotton Ties,
For sale by
GROOVER, STUBBS & CO., 21 BAY STREET
aug3—d1mo Savannah, Ga.

E. B. EDWARDS & CO.
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
Chattanooga, Tenn.
TENNESSEE, Corn, Sour Mash, Lincoln county and Apple Brandy, SPECIALTIES.
aug19—d1mo

GOOD CROPS!
Big Trade this Season!
THE PORT VALLEY MIRROR has the largest circulation of any paper in this section. Rates low down. Address
W. T. CHRISTOPHER,
aug15—d1m Port Valley, Ga.

STORAGE.
Cunningham's Warehouse
I AM prepared to do a FIRST-CLASS STORAGE for Cotton, Grain, Flour, Hay, and other merchandize in my BRICK WAREHOUSE (gravel roof,) on the line of Railroad, across Alabama and Forsyth streets. Insurance rates lower than any other Warehouse in the City. This with the rail road facilities, enables me to offer the cheapest and best storage in the State.
Liberal Cash Advances
made on Staple Goods stored in my Warehouse For terms, call on or address
A. P. CUNNINGHAM,
Commission Merchant,
mar29—d1f Atlanta, Ga.

Saddles, Harness, &c.
J. T. GATHRIGHT. D. M. SPENCE. J. H. STUART
J. T. GATHRIGHT & CO.
WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS OF
Saddles, Harness,
Collars, Bridles, &c.,
248 MAIN STREET,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.
All Work Warranted.
Send for Illustrated Price List and Catalogue.
sep5—d4mo

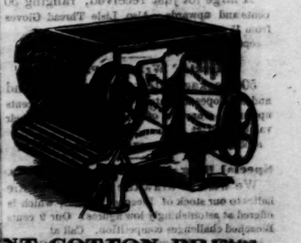
Builders' Supplies.
T. GUERNSEY. GEO. W. REYNOLDS
GUERNSEY & REYNOLDS,
DEALERS IN
SASH, DOORS & BLINDS
AND
BUILDERS' SUPPLIES,
LOCKS, HINGES, SCREWS, NAILS,
WINDOW GLASS, PAINTS, OILS PUTTY,
CARPENTERS' TOOLS, PAINT BRUSHES,
LIME, CEMENT, HAIR, &c., &c.
The only complete establishment of the kind in the State.
WAREROOMS: On Second Street, opposite J. W. Burke & Co.,
MACON, GA.
may6...6mo

Hardware, Carriage Material, &c.

VANCE & KIRBY,
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE,
Wholesale Dealers in
HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE,
Wagon and Carriage Material,
GUM AND LEATHER BELTING,
White Pine Sash & Doors,
and Louisville Cement.
Agents For
LAFLIN and RAND POWDER Co.
AND
Fairbanks & Buffalo Scales.

Foundry and Machine Works.

E. Van Winkle,
Founder & Machinist,
MANUFACTURER OF



VAN WINKLE'S PATENT COTTON PRESS,
VAN WINKLE'S Patent Cotton Gin Feeders,
Van Winkle's Patent Cotton Gin Condensers
Also, Cane Mills, Circular Saw Mills, Cob Crushers, Mill Work, Iron Fencing, Iron Building Work
and all kinds of Light and Heavy Castings.
16, 18, 20 Foundry Street,
june6—d4m ATLANTA, GA.

Centennial Excursion.
1776. 1876
Centennial Transportation Arrangements
OF THE
GREAT ATLANTIC COAST LINE
FOR
THE ACCOMMODATION OF VISITORS FROM ALL POINTS SOUTH.
The Railways and Steamship Companies between Augusta, Georgia, and Philadelphia, comprising the ATLANTIC COAST LINE, will during the progress of the
Centennial Exhibition of United States,
present for the patronage of the citizens of the South, routes of transportation and forms of tickets upon which to reach Philadelphia, that will unsurpassably excel all other lines in point of
Direct Daily Movement,
Comfortable Accommodation,
Variability of Transit,
Economy of Expenditure.
To enable this to be done, the combined resources of the RAILWAY LINES SOUTH OF RICHMOND, operating with those of the RICHMOND STEAM PACKET COMPANY and the OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY will be employed, and the individual interest, from every citizen or military organization of 200 or 300, can each be secured for in a manner that will satisfy their desires.
Price Lists, Time Cards and all needful information can now be had in hands of all Agents of the ATLANTIC COAST LINE.
It will be the interest of every individual and each organization proposing to make this trip to communicate with the undersigned.
A Centennial Exhibition Guide Book, as authorized by the Commission will be given to the purchaser of each Excursion Tic

OUR TRADE PAPER.

Annual Review of the Business of Atlanta.

On or about September 10th, we shall issue our annual review of the business of Atlanta. To our business men and people generally, this is the most important issue of the paper during the year, as it makes an exhibit of our mercantile and material progress, and also of the great advantages of Atlanta either [illegible] commerce. The paper is [illegible] abroad, and consequently an immense edition a published.

The paper, for all the reasons given, possesses peculiar advantages for advertisers and every business man should not fail to advertise in it, especially as it appears just before the opening of the great fall trade.

As our merchants and citizens will desire to send copies to friends and patrons, we shall print many thousand extras, and will furnish them at low rates, and in single wrappers if desired.

Send in your advertisements at once & notify the office, and an agent will call.

PREFERRED LOCALS

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS

WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

e Daily and weekly CONSTITUTION for speci en of our "news." mar22-dtf

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office. apr21—dtf

Asphalt Side Walk.

As cheap as brick. For sample and references call at office, corner Forsyth and Walton streets. O. A. SMITH.

july21—d3m

BOOK STORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS! SCHOOL BOOKS!

110 Whitehall Street.

sep2—d6t

Coal! Coal! Coal!

We are in daily receipt of Monte vallo, Cahaba, and Coal Creek Coal. If you want a car load or more of the best, nicest selected Lump to be had, of either of the above three Coals, order from SCIPLE & SONS,

aug15-dsun-tues&thur1m 59 Decatur street.

Montevallo Coal.

We have exclusive control of the Genuine Simon Pure, original Montevallo Coal Summer Prices Low by car load.

SCIPLE & SONS,

aug15-dsun tues&thur1mo 59 Decatur St.

Murder Will Out.

A few years ago "August Flower" was discovered to be a certain cure for Dyspepsia and Liver complaint, a few thin Dyspetics made known to their friends how easily and quickly they had been cured by its use. The great merits of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER became herald through the country by one sufferer to another, until, without advertising, its sale has become immense. Druggists in EVERY TOWN in the United States are selling it No person suffering with Sour Stomach, Sick Headach, Costiveness, palpitation of the Heart, indigestion, low spirits, etc., can take three doses without relief. Go to your Druggists, Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, and get a bottle for 75 cents and try it. Sample bottles 10 cents. apri—deod&weowly

New Advertisements.

University of Georgia—W. H. Waddell.
Edgings and insertings—M. Rich.
She ill's sale—Moses M. Smith.
Ohio Flag and Belle of Kentucky.
Attention, fire department—Henry Haney.
Mule for sale cheap—R. Lawshe.
For councilman—Dr. J. D. Turner.
Montevallo coal—W. S. Wilson.
Mosquito nets—W. H. Brotherton.
Just arrived at Clint Taylor's stable.
The best yet—M. Rich.
Attention, Cleburne rifles—M. N. Blount.
Attention, Fulton Blues—Shirley Bragg.
Four acre block for sale—M.
House and 6 acres for sale—C. G. Eckford.
Road notice—Daniel Pittman.
Sale impounded cow—J. A. Anderson.
For leave to sell—L. B. Griggs.
Important to shippers—Wm. Rogers.
Hamburg embroideries—M. Rich.

W. H. Brotherton has 2000 White Mosquito Nets for sale.

White Pique.

A large lot just received and offered and offered at 10 cents a yard, worth 15. Call at sep6—dtf PURCHASOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

The Celebrated Black Diamond

Coal Creek and Montevallo, Ala., Red Ash Coal, sold at low summer rates, until 15th October, by W. S. WILSON.

sep3—sun-wed&sun

Kid Gloves.

A large lot just received, ranging 50 cents and upwards. Also, Lisle Thread Gloves from 15 cents upwards, at

sep6-dtf PURCHASOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

Ladies' Writing Paper.

500 package latest styles paper and and envelopes to match, ranging from 15 cents upwards. They are offered at almost half their value. Call at

sep6-dtf PURCHASOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

Special Bargains in Bleached Goods.

We wish to draw the attention of the ladies to our stock of Bleached Goods, which is offered at astonishingly low figures. Our 9 cents Bleached challenges competition. Call at

sep6-dtf PURCHASOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

Closing Out Dress Goods.

Very nice styles offered now at 20 and 25 cents.

New style Fall Prints at very low figures.

Call at PURCHASOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

To the City Tax Payers.

In obedience to an ordinance passed by the Mayor and General Council in March last, I will be compelled to close the Tax Books on the 20th of this month, and not one moment after that day will I have control of your tax accounts, and on the 21st cost begins and in a few days runs up to dollars. I feel it my duty to name it that you may avoid the cost by coming up and paying your Taxes to me, on or before the 20th, and it all wait until the last day it will be impossible for me to write the receipts. Yet the books must close. Respectfully, J. O. HARRIS,

sep3—d4t Tax Receiver and Collector.

THE CENTENNIAL GUIDE Is the Best Published.

Every one going to the Centennial should have one of these Guides. Price only 25 cents. Sent post-paid for that sum. Call at, or address PHILLIPS & CREW, aug27-d&w2w Atlanta, Ga.

Special Card from

GEORGE SHARP, JR.,

Diamond and Jewelry Merchant,

No. 34 Whitehall street,

ATLANTA, GA.

Just received from manufacturers and importers, who are bound to have the goods sold, the largest and finest assortment of

Watches,
Diamonds,
Fine Jewelry,
Sterling Silver Ware,
Gold Guard and Vest Chains,
Gold Opera and Leontine Chains,
Lockets, Seal Rings, &c., &c.

This magnificent stock of goods will be offered at sale for the next thirty days at hard pan prices.

Now is the time for BARGAINS. Call early and buy at hard pan prices. I mean business. The owners of the goods want the money for them and I want my commissions. Visitors to the Centennial will save from 25 to 50 per cent by buying from me. GEO. SHARP, JR.

june26—dtf

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap, blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office. apr21—dtf

STATE SAVINGS BANK,

No. 3 Kimball House, Wall Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Dr. G. W. HANDY.....President.
W. W. BELL.....Cashier.

Paid in Capital, $50,000.

This bank pays seven per cent. interest, compounded semi-annually, on savings deposits from one dollar to any amount.

It also issues certificates of deposit payable on demand, and bearing seven per cent. interest if the money is left thirty days or longer.

june26—d6m-h-c

Reduction in Comforts.

A lot of full size White Quilts ranging from 85 cents and upwards.

Call at PURCHASOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

Mrs. Z. E. Harman can accommodate families with good board and large, comfortable rooms, at No 18 North Forsyth street.

sep3-dsun1mo

Just Arrived

And and for sale at Clint Taylor's Livery Stable, three head of Horses, good buggy and saddle stock. Party determined to sell out, and any persons wanting horses would do well to call around, as they will be sold below the market price. Will only be here for a day or two.

Attention, Fire Department.

You are hereby ordered to assemble this afternoon at 4 o'clock in front of Hook and Ladder, No. 1, in full uniform, to participate in the Flag presentation.

By order of Board. HENRY HANEY,
J. E. MANN, Chief Engineer.
Secretary. sept—d1t

Attention, Cleburne Rifles.

You are hereby commanded to appear at Armory, in full uniform, this evening at 8 o'clock, sharp

By order of R. C. Young, Captain
sep7—d1t M. N. BLOUNT, Secretary.

Attention, Fulton Blues.

Appear at your Armory, in full dress uniform, at 3 o'clock p. m., for Battalion Parade. Uniforms for new members at the Armory.

By order of J. M. Hunnicutt, 1st Lieutenant commanding. SHIRLEY BRAGG, O. S

What a Cartersville Man Says About W. S. Wilson's Montevallo Coal.

CARTERSVILLE, September 4, 1876.

W. S. Wilson, Esq., Atlanta, Ga.:

Dear Sir—The car load of Montevallo Coal you have sent me is a good advertisement The Coal Agent here says it is the BEST COAL EVER received here. I and another gentleman will order another car load soon. Yours truly,

[Signed] JNO. W. WOFFORD.

TOWN TOPICS.

—The Boys' High school has been much improved in arrangement by the change to the Girls' High school building.

—We are glad to learn that our gifted Atlanta artist, C. W. Motes, has secured the state right to the new Lambertype unfading carbon photographic process.

—The price of coal oil has taken a sudden rise, and it is not a matter to make light of, either, in these hard times.

—The era of chicken thieves is upon us and soon hunger and poverty will send the burglar's "jimmie" upon his midnight rounds.

—The ladies continue their complaints of the wet crossings. If merchants will pursist in hiring cross-eyed negro boys to wield their hose-nozzles the police will have to be appealed to for an abatement of the nuisance.

—Osgood Sanders has arrived direct from the centennial. He says it will be a big thing "after a while," and reports seeing several curiosities not down in the official catalogue. Any one desiring the latest dots, should interview Osgood before buying a ticket.

—The new concordia hall in the top story of Grant's new Marietta street building, will be one of the finest halls in the city.

—Mr. W. F. Blois, of Savannah, and his charming young bride, are at the Kimball House, where they seem to be enjoying a most delightful honeymoon. Besides being a very pleasant young gentleman Mr. Blois is a vocalist of rare culture and proficiency.

—A gentleman stated in the rotunda of the Kimball House yesterday, that the authorities of Fort Royal had ordered a fine of $1,200 to be but upon any citizen of Savannah who shall refugee to that place. A Savannah doctor standing by, at once remarked, "Yes, and any 'decent' man from our city that is found in that benighted town ought to be made to pay double that amount."

—Mr. P. A. Stovall, the energetic and resolute city editor of the Athens Georgian, made us a brief call yesterday afternoon, and we feel honored to see such talented young men entering the profession of journalism

—We are glad to see that Mr. Dave W Appler, the newly appointed general ticket agent of the Western and Atlantic railroad, is getting settled in his new position, and is making a host of friends in railroad circles here. He is a first-class official, valuable acquisition to Atlanta's live men.

—The Western & Atlantic train of yesterday noon brought from Chattanooga, bound to Mt. Vernon, Ala., barracks, company G, 16th United States infantry! There were thirty men, and several of the commissioned and non-commissioned officers had their families with them. The company left at 1:20 by the West Point train.

—Gen. A. J. Cartrell went to Newnan yesterday afternoon and will conduct the defense of the wife murderer Brinkley, whose trial begins this morning.

—Professor G. J. Orr, state school commissioner, is at Newnan, and will speak there during court week in behalf of the public schools of the state.

—Capt. John Triplett, the popular and well known editor of the the Thomasville Times, is at the Kimball house, and is looking remarkably young and attractive. Harris, of the Savannah News, says Colonel Clarke's marriage ought to be a warning to Triplett, and we fear that such will be the result, as he was at the wedding last night with one of Atlanta's choicest young ladies. If he can make as good a selection for a life companion, we advise him, with Colonel Clarke's example fresh before him, to at once "go and do likewise."

—Rev. H. F. Buchanan, from Conyers, will preach at the Third Baptist Church to-night at 8 o'clock.

—Miss Rossie Trammel is the presiding lady of the Nightingale society of Griffin female college and Miss Annie Trammell secretary of the Polymnia society. They are handsome officers.

—Col. J. D Alexander, of Griffin, is in the city.

—Dr. T. P. Janes, commissioner of agriculture left for the agricultural congress on Tuesday.

—The new Lucas sleeper for the Air-Line railroad, the Dover, has arrived. She is a gem.

—Col. J. H. Fisher has returned to the city.

—Capt. Lacy, at Big Shanty, on the W. & A. railroad gets up the best meal in the state.

—C. A. Davis of Monroe, was in the city yesterday.

—A. J. Orme and lady and R. P. Black and lady have returned from the centennial after a delightful trip.

—The governor has commissioned the following notaries public: S H Kyle, for Floyd; C J Robinson, 709, Fayette, H E Williams, 1,065, Spalding.

—Magill has received a ticket case and is now prepared to sell Pullman sleeping car tickets

—A vote was taken yesterday on the Atlanta and West Point railroad passenger train for president, and stood: Tilden 47, Hayes 3.

—The thirty-seventh annual session of the Stone Mountain Baptist association convenes at Stone Mountain on Saturday. Rev H F Buchanan preaches the introductory sermon, Rev T C Norcross, alternate; Rev J F Edens the missionary sermon, Rev J M Brittain, alternate; Rev A T Spalding, the Sunday schools, Rev W M Davis, alternate. The Georgia railroad, by its directors, have resolved to run no trains on the Sabbath day, so parties visiting the association should go Saturday.

—We trust that the concert and festival at James' hall to-night, given by the ladies of the Central Presbyterian church, will be liberally encouraged.

—The masquerade party at the Kenesaw House in Marietta next Friday night, promises to be the most brilliant affair of the kind in north Georgia.

HARMONY IN A HORN!

THE MODUS OPERANDI OF BOUNCING A DEFALCATER.

Some Light Thrown on Dark Places—Bryant and His Big Bonanza—Ill Feeling Over McLaw's Removal.

The state of Georgia is fortunately afflicted with but a few sporadic cases of radicalism. There is no radical party in Georgia. The negro has given up politics pretty generally, and denounces it as a first-class swindle, and about the only places where you can find the genuine

BLOODY-SHIRT FLYERS

are the federal offices about the state in which the faithful are engaged in drawing lucrative salaries. But however much sympathy these parties may feel with the ensanguined garment and however many orders old Lemonger Taft may issue, community of interest in national affairs cannot keep the faithful in falling out of humor and woolling each other savagely at times. They are just now getting into an unusually interesting row which may develop rich things in the future.

CONLEY IN THE MILL.

As our readers know, Collector John L. Conley of this district has been overridden and Andrew B. Clark, of the Macon district made collector of the consolidated districts There has been some public curiosity to know how this was effected. From all the sources of information at our command, the reasons were about as follows:

First. There were two Conleys in office here, the father being postmaster and the son being collector of internal revenue. This was voted to be nepotism, and of course not to be tolerated under the Grant administration.

Second. General Sherman endorsed Clark upon the idea that he was the only federal officer who held a first class position in Georgia This was a mistake of General Sherman's, or else he does not count Maj. Smyth, who is United States marshal, C. H. Prince, the Augusta postmaster, and Osborne, the Brunswick collector of customs, as having been federal officers worth mentioning.

Third. There was opposition to Conley from Farrow, Bryant, and a host of other parties who do not have personal admiration for the Conleys.

Fourthly, we presume, because Conley had been recommended by banking institutions and other responsible democratic people in Atlanta.

CLARK GOT THE CORN,

therefore, and is soon to take charge of the office. His headquarters will doubtless be here as the northern district of Georgia pays more revenue than all the rest of the state together. Clark is reported to be a milk and cider party man at best and some of his republican allies think that he is really a democrat. Personally we do not know him, but the people of north Georgia are liable to speedily get acquainted with him.

GROWLS AT THE CHANGE.

So far as we can learn there is a great deal of dissatisfaction among the better class of republicans in this end of the state over the removal of Conley. The fact that he was generally recognized by all classes of both parties as an honest, capable and efficient officer was claimed to have been enough to secure his retention. His removal leads many to suppose that the best men of the party are to be turned out of office to make room for office hungry and whining party camp followers.

BRYANT TELLS A TALE.

Bryant, of Skowhegan fame, has been to Washington city, in the interests of his friends and his own election to congress. Strangely enough, instead of canvassing his district he goes off to electioneer with the president and the secretary of war. While he is just now seeking to represent Georgia in congress it may not be amiss to ask him whether he did not tell Col. P H Woodward, special agent of the postoffice department under Jewell, that he (Bryant) received, while a member of the Georgia legislature, the sum of $850 not to oppose the sale of the Kimball opera house to the state for a capitol building. We learn that Col. Woodward states this as from Bryant himself. It behooves that virtuous saint to come out and tell the public how that trade was made We want to know if Bryant is that kind of a reformer?

MCLAWS A VICTIM.

Gen McLaws has also been removed at Savannah and Col I G Fannin, of Augusta, put in the place. This removal also causes great dissatisfaction, because Gen! McLaws was regarded a valuable addition to the party and his retention by the government was a standing answer to many objections to the administration.

Fannin is unable to control or maintain the confidence of his party and his retention as collector of internal revenue will make more independent voters out of hitherto republicans.

There are other movements on foot to cause changes in other offices in the state, but whether they will succeed or not remains to be seen. The signs all point to a general row among the Georgia radicals, arraigning the southern republicans against the carpet-bag element. We are glad it is coming. Richness will result therefrom.

THE FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

Sermon by Reverend Doctor Gwin.

The First Baptist church was filled Sunday night with an attentive and large congregation The pastor, Dr. Gwin, favored his hearers with a discourse of moral power and interest. He took his text from the ninth chapter of St. Matthew, latter portion of the 13th verse: "For I am not come to call the righteous but sinners to repentance."

THE DOCTOR SAID:

Faith and repentance are closely united in the scriptures and in the experience of every Christian. God touches the heart by his Holy Spirit, and the affect of his grace upon the heart is faith and repentance. These two are never separated. "They shall look upon him whom they have pierced, and they shall mourn for him as one mourns for his only son." The inquiry is sometimes made—which is first in order of time? When you have one you enjoy the other. True repentance is essential to all true religion. Faith and repentance do not deserve the love of God of themselves. In no sense are they the price paid for salvation, and yet no soul can acceptably serve God without them. If the thirsty soul is to be satisfied with water it must not only know the existence of the water but must drink it. It is the hypocrite and the self-deceiver, who repents and then sins to repent again. Neither faith nor repentance is one act of the soul, but a series of acts, a breathing of the new nature, looking up to God. In the scriptures much is said about repentance. The Psalms are full of it. Much is also said by Christ and the apostles. When it is the genuine work of God it is the repentance that needs not to be repented of. It is by the revelation of God's mercy and grace that the soul is broken into contrition. David felt very keenly the necessity for the Holy Spirit to create within him the contrite heart which God would not despise. There are two kinds of repentance,

LEGAL AND EVANGELICAL,

one comes from the law, the other from the gospel. If there were no hell, evangelical repentance would be created in the heart by mere horror of sin. True repentance embraces several things.

1. It implies a knowledge of sin. We are to look at our sins and then at the love of God. Oh that I could convince all of my unregenerate hearers of their sins. It would be the first step towards genuine repentance.

2. Repentance embraces humility. This humility is ever seen where the soul is bowed down with the consciousness of sin.

3. A broken and contrite heart may be mentioned as another element. See the effect upon the cross; he said, "Lord, remember me." There was here the sincere and hearty confession of sin.

Again, Shame is another element. The glowing blush for the sin of the soul, and the sins of the life does not take away with pardon.

Sorrow—ingenious sorrow is another element It is because we do not sufficiently know the being against whom we sin that we do not cherish this sorrow oftener. There is associated with this a hatred of sin in every form. We hate it, we loathe it, because it is rebellion against God.

There is finally an amendment of life a thorough reformation. Change your habits. This is the essential element of repentance. About face; turn your backs upon sin, hell and death, and march towards God. To such repentance as embraces all these, there are in the scriptures, rich and abundant promises. The old and new Testaments are full of them. There is the promise of eternal life and eternal happiness to the soul that repents. Oh, if there is one sight above another upon which God delights to look, it is a penitent soul. Almightiness is pledged to its weakness and its helplessness. You cannot repent too much or too often! When God has once forgiven sin he remembers it no more against us. It is a singular fact that whenever any of the old patriarchs are alluded to in the New Testament nothing is said about their sins. They are wiped out in consolation. Peter is the only one who having once heard the gospel deliberately turned away and mortgaged themselves to the devil. You all intend to repent at some time, but how dangerous to delay. The Holy Spirit knocks at the door of your heart and asks you to repent. Repent now, for now is the accepted time; now is the day of salvation.

SCAVENGE THE STREETS.

OUR CITY AUTHORITIES URGED TO CLEAN THE STREETS.

An Epidemic of Bilious and Other Aggravated Fevers May Follow a Disregard of the Demand.

While, in the face of *malheureuse* reports of the yellow fever scourge at Savannah, our people feel perfectly secure from the visitations of that plague, they are unmindful of the lurking dangers at their doors. All over the city the voice of complaint is being raised and we are urged hourly almost to call the city authorities from what may prove

A FATAL LETHARGY

in the matter of the health of the city. We are not sure but that the sanitary authorities misjudge the popular feeling upon this matter. It is so usual for a spiteful fel ow to complain of the foulness of his neighbor's backyard when his own is in even a worse plight that many individual complaints are passed by with an assuring "we'll see about it" which never finds actual fulfillment. It is also feared that a misapprehension of the real danger has arisen from the publication of

COMPARATIVE DEATH RATES

for the same months of this and last year, showing a smaller number of deaths for like periods of 1876 than for 1875. While this showing is true enough in fact it proves nothing for the future and physicians no more than railroad brakemen know what a day may bring forth. Hence, there is a very grave responsibility resting upon the police and sanitary authorities. They are charged with the enforcement of the health laws of the city and it is their business and duty to know where the conditions precedent to disease exist in the shape of filth, noxious miasms and vapors, and to procure their removal and the abatement of their creation.

FILTH OMNIPRESENT.

It may be objected coming from us to say that the city is in an extraordinarily filthy condition, but the truth is not nearly so obnoxious as the filth. The streets show it forth in any abundance. Garbage piles are made in the highways which seethe, rot and infect the surrounding localities. The gutters run with all manner of stinking and disgusting emptyings and the air at dawn and dusk is laden with odors as multitudinous and unpleasant as the city of Cologne. These things are so patent to the senses of every one that they are the staple of the town talk and are productive of anything but complimentary remarks from the strangers within our gates.

HEALTH ORDINANCES

are upon our statute books and need to be rigidly enforced. The ordinance with regard to garbage deposits in the business center, passed some weeks since, has found but meagre attention. A few alert police officers have made arrests under it and a few small fines have been imposed upon the offenders, but in the main the ordinance is illy regarded. Beyond the limits embraced in it the condition of streets and gutters is very bad indeed. Sweepings, refuse, garbage and every other character of filth find resting places in the public streets.

IN PRIVATE PREMISES

there is also a great amount of dirt and filth which should be removed. In the majority of yards in the better localities cleanliness is the rule, but among the idler, very poor and negro classes there is a total disregard for all manner of surrounding cleanliness, and disease lurks in embryo in every nook and corner of their premises.

A VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN

against all manner of filth and uncleanliness should be inaugurated by our city authorities at once, and the word should go forth to every household to set their premises in order for close inspection by the sanitary board. We censure no one as yet, but the demands of the people are fair warnings to all parties and the surest way to avoid criticism and responsibility for disease and death in the community is to heed these warnings and fulfill the popular demand.

THE GREAT DANGER.

What is most apprehended by our people is not yellow fever, but an epidemic of bilious and other miasmatic and malignant fevers, equally deadly and hard to control. In conversation with physicians, these disorders are the ones put forward mostly to be dreaded. The symptoms of their presence are already felt in some localities Let the breeding beds of the diseases be broken up at once.

A WAY TO DO IT.

It is suggested that the city has not the money necessary to a thorough cleansing of the city. In reply it is suggested that she has a thousand vagrants who should to-day be in the chain-gang doing the very labor so much demanded in this emergency.

THE CITY COURT.

HON. R. H. CLARK, JUDGE.

The city court met this morning at nine o'clock and transacted the following business:

William Hall, larceny from the house. Tried by the court and adjudged guilty. Fined $20 and costs, or three months in the chain gang. J A Wimpey, for defendant.

William Hall larceny from the house. Tried by the court and found guilty. Fine of $20 and costs or three months in the chain gang. J A Wimpey for defendant.

Harriet Green, larceny from the house. Tried by the court and adjudged guilty. Sentence, $5 and costs or three months in the chain-gang. John Milledge for defendant.

Emily Garnie. Cheating and swindling. Verdict guilty. Sentence fine of $20 and costs or 3 months in the chain-gang.

Pending the trial of a case, court adjourned until 9 o'clock a. m. to day.

Dalton Dots.

—The Dalton literary club is prospering.

—The Dalton depot is to be rebuilt.

—Gen. McRae and Col. Martin H. Dooly were in Dalton Tuesday. They rode up to open hand car from Atlanta to Dalton, enjoying hugely the burning rays of old Sol.

—Owing to the political excitement the agricultural meeting Tuesday was postponed.

—Miss Birdie Johnson has returned to Walker county, and Miss Bowles to Memphis, and the boys refuse to be comforted.

—The boys say a Murray county bed bug resembles a June bug in size.

—The Dalton boys have "come to the scratch" since their visit to the camp meeting in Murray.

—A number of ladies and gentlemen of Dalton went last Sunday to the camp meeting in Murray county. The attendance was very large, and the Daltonites went to the woods where they were formed into a vocal congregations, and the text was "Lovest thou me." The preachers changed their congregations often, but stuck to their text like the sad bugs did to them. No conversions reported.

—The party at Judge McCutchen's the other night was one of the most brilliant that ever came off in north Georgia. There was one bright particular star that outshone all the rest.

—The Dalton girls do not reject a young man They simply promise to marry him when Jonathan Norcross is elected governor.

A MURDEROUS WIFE.

SHE TRIES TO CARVE HER HUSBAND UP WITH A RAZOR.

And Goes to Jail for Assault with Intent to Murder.

It is very rare that a woman becomes depraved enough to attempt to kill her own husband, but we have a case of the kind to report this morning. One of the ugli st features in it is that the woman was entirely without provocation and the only motive for attempting to murder her husband was because he was endeavoring to prevent her from leading a

DEPRAVED LIFE.

The names of the parties are William Blackwell, and Camelia Blackwell. They are both negroes. The husband is well known in the city, having been employed to do work about the police quarters for several years. He is a negro of good character for honesty and faithfulness, and is a great favorite among the members of the force. William married Camelia between four and five years ago, and the first four years of their wedded life has passed very pleasantly. They have one child The wife is rather a prepossessing good looking colored woman, and had she behaved herself, would be to-day enjoying her full measure of wedded happiness.

But Camelia, for some reason best known to herself, saw fit to act otherwise. Over a year ago her husband's suspicions were aroused, and a very little watching of her conduct convinced him beyond doubt that

SHE WAS UNFAITHFUL.

This discovery gave rise to no little trouble. The husband expostulated and threatened to leave her, and the wife made many promises of reform, only to break them upon the first opportunity, and be caught again. William actually did leave her temporarily several times, but his attachment to herself and child was such that, after a little they would live together again upon her renewing her promises to reform her life. Of late her conduct has been notoriously wicked and several times have numbers of the police advised William to leave her for good, telling him that if he tried to make her behave herself, trouble would certainly ensue.

THE CIRCUMSTANCES WHAT LED

to the attempt upon the husband's life are briefly as follows: Last week William again became satisfied that his wife was leading an immoral life, and followed her so closely that he caught her almost in flagrante delicto. Upon this occasion William was overcome and lost his self control, and overtaking her on Peachtree street, near M A Clark's store, he laid hold upon a barrel hoop and gave her a thrashing that she will remember to, her dying day. The disturbance created caused the arrest of both parties, and the next morning William paid a fine of five dollars and costs for disorderly conduct. That thrashing aroused the worst passions in the heart of the wife that a depraved woman could cherish against her husband, and she made up her mind to have vengeance by a murder. During Tuesday William noticed that his wife seemed to be following him about all day, but he attached very little importance to it. As night approached, she stayed about the guard house as if on the watch for some one. About 12 o'clock Tuesday night William left the station house, and walked with a colored boy, an acquaintance of his, up Whitehall street to the corner of Mitchell. Here his friend left him, and as he turned back he noticed his wife coming rapidly towards him. As she passed, she

MADE A QUICK BLOW AT HIS FACE

with her right hand, and repeated it, striking him in the breast.

William seized her at once, and until he put his hand to his face and withdrew it covered with blood, he thought she had struck him with her fist. When he found he had been cut, he staggered back, and his wife took advantage of the opportunity to break loose.

No words passed between them except a single exclamation uttered by the husband when he was first cut. The whole thing was done in an instant. William made no effort to pursue his wife, but walked back to the guard house where he astonished all hands by appearing before them covered with blood. Dr. Lee was called in and dressed the wounds. They consisted of two deep and ugly gashes, one extending back from the right side of the mouth, some two or three inches long, and the other in the breast, reaching nearly down to the abdomen. They were made with a razor the woman procured in some way from her father, who is a barber. She was arrested yesterday on a warrant sworn out by Mr. Garrison, and carried before Justice Wright, who committed her to jail for assault with intent to murder.

William was laid up yesterday, and probably will be for some time to come. He says he has quit his wife for good this time, and will let the law take its course.

LAST BUT NOT LEAST.

Virginia Midland a Live Route.

Captain Chipley, in view of other engagements, and the fact that passengers will go his route anyhow by reason of its unequalled attractions announced his excursion of Tuesday as his last, and as a natural result it was a crowd. We append a partial list, which indicates a popularity that will be almost sure to force Capt Chipley to carry additional excursions if his engagements will possibly allow. Six sleepers and two parlor cars carried the party away, four sleepers by Kennesaw and two sleepers and two parlor cars by the Air-Line, the entire party uniting at Washington.

COLUMBUS—W L Salsbury, wife, daughter and servant, Misses Sallie Freer, Ida Frazier, Mary Peabody, Mrs Snider, Mr L D Deaton, J Rhodes Brown, wife and children, J D Rambo, W L Tillman and wife, J S Jones and son, Lewis Cowdry, J Marion Estes, Miss Mary Hodges, Mrs Brooks and family.

RUSSELL CO., ALA—Robt Pitts, Thomas J Perry.

BULLOCK CO., ALA—L W Walker and family—four.

MCDUFFIE CO—C R West and wife.

ATHENS—A H Hodgson.

NEWNAN—D L Johnson, R A Johnson

GRANTVILLE—Miss Fannie Moreland.

ATLANTA—Otis Jones and wife, J L Robertson and wife, Asberry Moreland and son, Dr T P James, Miss Waldon, R A Hemphill and wife, B F Longly and wife, Miss Lena Burkhardt, Ben Bush, Walter Jackson, Ed McCandless, J F Burke and wife, G P Gulliford and wife, John E Ellsworth, J E Murphy, Mrs Wm Lowry, Miss Alice May Lowry, J H Porter and wife, J R Porter, jr, Mrs Hutchins, W T Gramling and wife, M A Sells Dyer, Miss Lucy Warlick, Peter Bracken, Pat Daily, F Pickert, Mr Holiday, A O M Gay, A N Hurt, Rev Mr Latimer.

ROME—Joel Branham and family, (four), Mr B H Smith and wife Miss Agnes Smith, R F Largrove and family, (three), J W Romerville, Frank Smith, Misses Julia and Minnie Iverson, Dr Holmes, Hamilton Yancey, P H Hardin J N Horn and wife, Miss Callie Turner, Andrew Harvey, A A Ombers, Georgia Brewster, J M Montgomery, T B Vasey.

TALLADEGA, ALA—Miss Bachelder

STONE MOUNTAIN—Mrs R G Taylor, T W Taylor and Miss Taylor.

DANBURG, WILKES COUNTY—D B Cody, jr, Mrs S E Thomas.

DECATUR—Col W J Houston Miss Katie Houston, Mrs May, Maj. G A Ramspeck and wife, Capt C M Candler, Capt Hudson Mason.

LAGRANGE—Dr H H Cary four delegates to agricultural congress, Miss Cary and sisters, T C Crenshaw and wife, Miss Delia Cooper, T H Whitaker, W T Herring, Tom Leslie, Robertson and party.

OCONEE—Col T J Smith, master of Georgia grange, and family (eight), and delegates from southwest Georgia to agricultural congress.

AUGUSTA—Wm Geisendaffar.

FORSYTH—Mrs T C Fennell and three ladies.

WEST POINT—Mrs Dora Lanier.

MACON—Miss Kate P Stubbs. A party of 19 from Macon by the evening train whose names we did not secure

MARIETTA—Wm Phillips, Chas Pratt, Samuel C Benedict, Mrs C M King, Miss Eva King

KINGSTON—Mrs Geo H Wafring, Miss Howard and sister.

CARTERSVILLE—Miss Parrot and sister.

COVINGTON—Mrs V C Conyers and daughter

CLARKE, S C—Misses Bettie and Kate Small, Mr and Mrs Dunlap.

MORGAN COUNTY—Wm Wheeler, John Williams, Fred Foster.

WALTON COUNTY—Dr D C Jones and wife, Misses Sallie and Susie Harris.

MERIWETHER COUNTY—C Neal, jr.

Captain Chipley also pleased the Kennesaw division of his excursion, and his North Carolina agent, Major Wellington, had under his wing a good portion which went by the Air-Line. It will be a good party when they unite at Washington. Over eighty-five passengers went by the Virginia Midland Monday, but our list does not include those that went the day before, but merely Tuesday's party.

Lafayette's Pilgrimage.

A beautiful allegory by twenty-five young ladies to plant at James' Hall, Doors open at 8 o'clock. Rendition of piece will consume about half an hour, after which music and refreshments will be the order of the evening. Admission 50 cents; children 25 cents; ice cream and cake 15 cents. All change given back.

Toccoa's First Bale.

TOCCOA, Sept. 6, 1876.

Editors Constitution:—The first bale of new cotton was brought in here to-day by B D McFarland and sold to W. E. Schaefer for 14 cents per pound. The bale weighed 488 pounds

SUBSCRIBER

Hymeneal.

The following business in the matrimonial line was done last week at the ordinary's office.

WHITES.

Mr. John C Archer and Miss Josephene McLendon.

Mr. R L Boan, and Miss M E Watts.

COLORED.

Isaac Richardson and Eliza C black.

Duncan Sanders and Sophia Woodson.

George Williams, and Lizzie Holmes.

Lucius Barge and Ann Oliver.

Supreme Court.

ORDER OF CIRCUITS.

4 Atlanta.....12
5 South Western.....3
6 Ocmulgee.....2
7 Albany.....10
8 Southwestern.....35
9 Pataula.....12
10 Chattahoochee.....16
11 Macon.....25
1 Flint.....35

13 Coweta.....16
14 Rome.....11
15 Cherokee.....7
16 Augusta.....12
17 Middle.....4
18 Cornulgee.....14
19 Eastern.....19
20 Brunswick.....2

ATLANTA, GA., September 6.

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

No. 13. Argument concluded.

No 14 Cotton States Life Insurance company vs Mallard. Assumpsit, from Fulton, argued.

Fry & King, for plaintiffs in error.

S D McConnell, for de endant.

No 15 Tuggle vs Tuggle, admr. Appeal, from DeKalb.

L J Winn, for plaintiff in error.

Candler & Thomson, contra.

Pending the argument of Mr Winn, the court adjourned until 10 o'clock A M, to-morrow.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

This court met yesterday and the following cases were disposed of.

George Evans. Illicit distilling. Nolle prosequied on motion of United States district attorney

William Crane, Illicit distilling. Plea, guilty. Sentence, $100 fine and costs, and five months in jail. Darnell for defendant.

John Savage Illicit distilling. Plea, guilty. Sentence, $100 fine and costs and imprisonment in jail four months.

William Smith. Removing spirits. Plea, guilty. Sentence, fine $200 and costs and four months imprisonment.

Peter J Gaddis. Illicit distilling. Plea guilty. Sentence, fine $100 and four months imprisonment.

Mike Bradley. Illicit distilling. Plea, guilty. $100 fine and costs and four months imprisonment.

Joshua Croy. Working in a distillery. Plea guilty. Sentence, costs and four months imprisonment.

George Evans. Illicit distilling. Plea, guilty, Sentence, $100 and costs and four months imprisonment.

John Leavin. Illicit Distilling. Verdict not guilty.

John Campbell. Illicit retailing. Plea, guilty. Sentence, $100 fine and costs and four months imprisonment.

E F Bramblett. Illicit distilling. Plea, guilty Sentence, $100 fine and costs and four months imprisonment.

Court then adjourned until this morning.

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, September 6, 1876.

F S Stone, Rome; W U Pratt, Savannah; J Jenkins, Rome: G G Larcombe, P R Yonge, T Stockton, Savannah; C Largennie. Richmond; A A Wood, New York; W T Branan, Augusta; J W Wiggins, Hampton, Ga; M P Papy, Tallahassee; W Wells, Hampton; A E Bird, Ga; J H Fisher, New York; Jno M Walker, Macon; O K Lapham, New York; A G Morgan, H I Morgan Americus; B W Smith, Sunday Herald; I A Anderson, Marietta, J D Alexander, Griffin; L M Hill. Washington, Ga; A Stovall, Athens; D E Butler, Madison; P O'Conner and wife, Augusta, W A Bonnell, W A Balin, city; V B Winship, Macon; A E Cowan, N C; W B Johnston; Macon; Miss Willie Washburn, Ga; D M Edick, Tenn; G D Wolvington Baltimore, Md; Mrs J S Streater, Ala.

Kimball House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, GA., Sept. 6, 1876.

W D Cook, city; Leon Berwalli, New Orleans; Dr A G Bouton and wife Savannah; Judge Cleaborne Snead, Augusta; Major Sidney Herbert, Savannah; Henry Grady, city; H Hodson, Athens; C Pike, Blacksher Ala; General S D Lee, Columbus, Miss; F L Rainer Pittsburg, Pa; A Hood, jr., Cuthbert; John Cunningham, city; Col Adair, city; H Kimball, city; J Ramsey, wife and child, city; I Masters, Baltimore; J D Skinner, Texas; Charley Libman, Texas; C T Mobley, Social Circle; J Winn, Athens; A A Donnaly, Fernandina; John Triplett, Thomasville; Augustus Schutz, Savannah; Miss Schultze, Savannah; T H Sims, Savannah; Mrs E